

# POPULAR Only 40p. Computing WEEKLY

17-23 January 1985

*It's the best selling weekly*

Vol 4 No 3

## Vegas CES show report

### New Coleco micro awaits licence deal

HAVING dropped its Adam computer in the US after months of speculation, Coleco is reported now to have developed a new computer.

The new machine was shown to a few prominent retailers at the Winter Consumer Electronics Show in Las Vegas last week and Coleco is hoping to license the computer to an overseas American consumer electronics manufacturer.

The machine features a built-in telephone modem and communications software and is software compatible with the Apple II and IIc.

Coleco is also retaining the rights to the name Adam, but Continued on page 4 B.

### Sinclair offers upgrade

SINCLAIR has confirmed that it is to provide an upgrade kit to convert rubber-keyed Spectrums into Spectrum Pluses (see Popular Computing Weekly, December 22).

The upgrade will be offered in two forms. Either the consumer can buy an upgrade kit from Sinclair costing £40 or pay £30 for the upgrade to be carried out by Sinclair itself.

The upgrade takes the form of an add-on Spectrum + type keyboard which is fixed in very much a similar way to many of the other Spectrum Continued on page 4 B.



Commodore's C16 - Is the ES the master?

## Doubts over C16 & Plus/4

THE FUTURE of the Commodore C16 and Plus/4 machines is in doubt following disappointing sales and software support, particularly in the US, and the launch of Commodore's C128 machine which is scheduled for launch in the UK in the Summer.

According to Frank Lenczard, Commodore's US vice president in charge of marketing, "The Plus/4 and

C16 are not selling well in the States, largely because of a lack of advertising. They will have to be repositioned in the marketplace."

In terms of software support there has been no software released in the US for either machine from any independent software houses in the country, while there has been a trickle of support for the C16, none has yet appeared specifically for the Plus/4.

With the launch of Commodore's new C128, and LCD portable machines both of which are possibly compatible with the Commodore 64 - the new C16 - compatible C16 and Plus/4 appear more rather left out by Commodore.

Whether any cut in the price of the machines is Continued on page 4 B.



Frank Lenczard



INSIDE

ATARI'S NEW ST MICRO - FULL DETAILS



# Alice IN VIDEOLAND



NOW  
ON  
CASSETTE!

## PURE MAGIC!

Join Alice in her journey through Videoland - an enchanted place populated by strange creatures such as bread-and-butterflies and pipe smoking caterpillars, where little girls change size and fairies turn into croquet maidens!

*Alice in Videoland* is presented on a new computer in entertainment for the Commodore 64, incorporating some of the finest graphics ever seen on any home computer, accompanied by a charming musical score. There are four different game scenes involved, and your performance in earlier ones will affect your ability to get through later ones, and determine your eventual total score.

**Scene One** - Stunning title page graphics give way to the first game scene as Alice falls into the rabbit's warren. Score points for collecting the objects scattered there - including keys to open doors, bottles to make her smaller, plates to make her bigger!

**Scene Two** - Out in the garden the Cheshire cat looks on as Alice meets the pipe-smoking caterpillar. Help her to catch the bread-and-butterflies and the rooking-horse flies that change into the balls used in the croquet game in the last scene!

**Scene Three** - Alice is a pawn in the chess game where her opponents are the Jabberwocky and Tweedledum and Tweedledee. Help her across the board by protecting her with your White Knight!

**Scene Four** - The most bizarre croquet game ever! Help Alice hit the balls through the playing-card-soldier hoops before the Queen of Hearts stomps on them!

*Alice in Videoland* is available for the Commodore 64 on disk - £12.95, and now on cassette - £8.95

*Alice in Videoland* features graphics created with the Kooki Pad

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# View

I'm convinced that Jack Tramiel knows exactly where he's going.

Atari's ST machine, launched last week at Las Vegas CES show, is very well thought out. A desirable mix of an affordable price.

On paper, at least, it looks most impressive. I have no wish to be asked to Sinclair, but it's the machine the QL promised but never delivered.

The ST (jargon/half-two, not Sam Tramiel, apparently) uses the 68000 chip. This immediately makes the machine a more attractive proposition than the QL. The power of the 68-bit internal architecture isn't deterred, as it is on the QL, by having a 1-bit bus to the outside world. Both machines have 128K Ram. Although the Atari machine doesn't have a built-in disc drive it is configured for the Sony 3 1/2 inch format drive. The 3 1/2 inch format is a popular choice and as easy as breathing as the QL's built-in microdrive. The ST's huge 198K Ram, which holds Digital Research's native controlled Gem operating software, is a more satisfactory (and ambitious) approach than Sinclair's Picos application packages which must be loaded from microdrives.

But where the ST is at its most impressive is as the little touches as I/O handles, its built-in hard disc controller and Modem interface.

Sinclair, Commodore and Acorn ought to be getting nervous. Sinclair has thrown away much of its 16-month advantage with the QL through its dogged pursuit for microdrives.

Commodore's C128 is a stop-gap while its Amiga rival for the ST is still being refined.

And Acorn is realising. Surely it cannot think that the BBC will compete with the ST at the same price?

# POPULAR Computing WEEKLY

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Computer Trade Association Magazine Editor: The Year

## Atari's new European launch

ATARI's new 26 and 3200 range of 32/16 and 8-bit machines, launched to the US at the Winter Consumer Electronics Show, last week will get their first European showing at the Hannover Fair in April.



"We plan to have all the new machines on sale throughout Europe in May, and we will be bringing out the whole range at once," said Atari UK's marketing manager Rob Harding.

## Acorn's ABCs on the way

FIRST THINGS of Acorn's ABC micro range are now coming off the production line, and deliveries of the machines are now scheduled to begin at the end of this month.

"The bottom of the range machines will be available first, with the top machines not coming out until later this year," said an Acorn spokesman.

Acorn have still not released official prices for the series, but the low-end Personal Assistant model is expected to be priced around £150 with the top-of-the-range 310 costing around £400.

## Spectrum upgrade

It continued from page 1. keyboard up-grade kits already available. Some soldering is needed, but, says Sinclair, "you don't need an understanding of electronics."

With the 650 upgrade service, you need to send your Spectrum back to Sinclair which says it will despatch the upgraded computer back within ten days of receipt.

The service is operating from Sinclair's Camberley branch. Details from Sinclair Research, Upgrade Department, Sandgate Road, Camberley, Surrey, GU10 2PS.

Two Atari software packages also planned to be available at launch for the 8-bit 3200 range are *Infantry* and *Star Wars*.

"Infantry is a Lotus 1-2-3 type integrated package, but it will be far cheaper. *Star Wars* + will be an Atari *Warrior*, but with a built-in 'good' reader," Rob continued.

"We are definitely moving away from games software to more serious applications - games is almost a dirty word at Atari now."

Also the 32-bit workstation, announced by Jack Trammell last December (see *Popular Computing Weekly*, December 13), which was not shown at CES, will be on show at Hannover and in the UK in May launch tour.

## Avalon sequel set for March

THE SEQUEL to Berman's successful graphics ad venture *Avalon* should be available at the end of March.

Called *Progression* of *Avalon*, it uses the same characters as the original while introducing others. More use is made of keyboard commands. It will be available for the Spectrum, almost certainly at the same price as *Avalon*, £7.95.

## C16 and Plus/4

It continued from page 1. America would be reflected in the industry is unclear.

Sales of the two new machines over Christmas appear to have been moderate, with the Plus/4, which reached the shops a few weeks later than the C16, moving markedly slower.

"They are selling as well as we expected, and the C16 is doing quite well," said Dave Gilbert of Duxon's. Sales of the Plus/4 are more limited.

## DE Tronics buys Currah

DE TRONICS, the Spectrum peripheral manufacturer, has come to the notice of Currah, which went into receivership three weeks ago.

"We have bought the rights to the Currah trading name, and the machine copyright to the Currah range," said Roger Burnard, marketing manager of DE Tronics.

Currah's range consists of Currah 320, a Spectrum adaptor, and Currah's speech synthesiser for the Spectrum and Commodore 64.

DE Tronics plans to continue producing and marketing its own Spectrum and Amstrad speech synthesiser as parallel with the Currah models. It will also re-open its US company to market Currah's Commodore 64 version.

It's not selling as well as the C16."

John Fittman of Boco said "Sales have been disappointing in comparison to our own expectations. We were hoping that the C16 would be a low-cost competitor to the Spectrum and it just didn't happen. Even so it is selling faster than the Plus/4, but then it's at a lower price."

Chris West, Commodore UK's software development manager, claimed that Plus/4 sales had been sluggish. "The Plus/4 is actually doing better than we thought it would. We are on target for 100,000 sales by March."

Commodore's next big push in the home market will be the launch of the C128 over here in June or July.

Commodore has gained the license from Intelon to produce a Plus/4 version of *Electronic's Guide to the Galaxy*. The game should be released on disc only, in March/April.

## Coleco

It continued from page 1. will not have any part in the marketing of its Adam machine. It has sold off remaining stocks of the Adam to an as yet unnamed retail outlet in the US.

"We are still producing both hardware and software for the Adam, but due to current conditions in the marketplace and the rapidly changing demands of the consumer, the Adam could not remain a competitive concern," said a spokesman for Coleco in Connecticut, USA. "We will, however, continue to produce and sell the ColecoTronics video games system in America."

The Adam computer was launched in the US eighteen months ago, and suffered from initial manufacturing difficulties which led to inadequate supplies and poor sales. Last Autumn, Coleco substantially cut the price of the machine, giving rise to rumour that it was planning to abandon the model.

Coleco pulled out of the UK market two months ago (see *Popular Computing Weekly*, November 24). Both in the UK and US makers it plans to concentrate on its range of toys, which includes the immensely popular *Tron* Doll.

## Paddle your own canoe



NEW GENERATION have launched *Shoot the Ragade* a slalom racing simulation.

The player must use the keyboard or joystick to paddle the canoe through a slalom course. Water currents, adverse or favourable, are displayed on screen and must be taken into account. In later screens you will have to negotiate *bonanzas* as well as the slalom poles.

*Shoot the Ragade* is available for the Commodore 64, for £7.95.

## Sinclair's C5 launched

SINCLAIR'S electric vehicle, the C5 was launched last week with much publicity and reassurances from Sinclair that the vehicle would be safe on the roads.

The vehicle - Sinclair is deliberately not calling it a 'car' - is a three wheeled



single-seater, sitting by road order for £399, the same price as the QL.

It is powered by a 'deep-discharge' 12V battery, and also has pedals, useful for

kicks, and if the battery runs out. The battery gives a distance of 32 miles on a single 8 hour charge.

The chassis, developed by Lotus cars, is made of light steel, and the body is built of injection-moulded polycarbonate. A single headlight is built-in both at the front and at the rear.

The steering bar, similar to the handle bars on a bicycle, is placed so that it is below the driver just in front of the seat. The battery on-off switch is on the handle bar, and must be kept pressed, or the battery will cut.

The C5 is only the first in a range currently being developed by Sinclair Vehicles. "We plan a family of pollution-free, economic, quiet electric vehicles. The C5 is the baby of that family", said Sir Clive Sinclair.

■ The C5 is not the only new product from the Sinclair stable in 1985. At the Consumer Electronics Show in Las Vegas, Sinclair Research launched a wristwatch radio. It will be aimed primarily at

the US market and as the watch there are no plans to introduce it to the UK.

"The watch takes an FM signal only", explained a Sinclair spokesman. "While there are a large number of FM stations in the States, there are few over here."

The watch comprises a full-function calendar, logic, alarm, integrated digital watch, and an FM radio. All the watch functions can operate simultaneously with the radio, and the antenna is incorporated into the wristband. It takes a 1/2 battery, which lasts up to 32 hours. The watch will sell for just under \$150.



## QL add-ons now ready

THE FIRST of Quest International Computer Technology's peripherals for the QL (see Popular Computing Weekly, November 1) are due to be shipped this week.

The 848K and 128K Ram boards will be the first to be available. The other disc drives, Ram boards and software, should be released at the beginning of February.

Quest will initially be selling the products by mail order. Details from Quest, School Lane, Chalfonts Ford, Borehampton.

## Commodore PC at UK show

COMMODORE IBM PC software compatible micro - the Commodore PC - is to be launched in the UK this week, at the Which Computer Show.

The machine has a built-in display and disc drive, has 512K Ram expandable to 640K, and is expected to be priced around £2,400.

# Get more out of your BBC Micro with the New Marconi RB2 Tracker Ball

Marconi's new Tracker Ball is superior to other mouse or joystick style cursor to use. The RB2 design incorporates Marconi's vast experience in making Tracker Balls for Air Traffic Control and professional equipment which demand maximum performance and reliability. It is swift and gives more precise positional control - the cursor position on screen returns directly to fingertip movement on the ball. The three push buttons normally control the delete, return and copy functions but you can also assign your own functions to the buttons.



It is perfect, whether your micro is your hobby or educational tool or a source of low cost CAD/CAM applications. It's ideal for word processing and games to-a-and unlike a mouse needs no regular cleaning.

If you're a Commodore or Spectrum user don't despair. There will be a Marconi Tracker Ball for you coming out in the Spring.

For full details please complete the coupon.

**ONLY £59.50**

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Utilities Program.  
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## Follow suit?

**W**hy is there no joystick standard for BBC software?

Well, respected Ultimate (ring out) for Power for the Bees (Glen). The same company brings out *John Paul for the Bees*. Yet one offers a joystick option, the other does not. Why?

The game which you want a thousand clones, *Master Mind*, comes out for the BBC with no joystick option.

The same with Program Power. Half of our BBC games support joysticks, the other half will only accept keyboard entry.

I wouldn't mind if all the BBC software was keyboard only, but surely, once one company had set a precedent, the others must follow suit? Apparently not.

These days try Q&A game without a joystick option would be passed out of sight. Why not the same for the BBC?

Michael George  
14 Stockhouse Close  
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Middlesex

## Pioneer word

**G**len Gould is both right and wrong in his article *Highway World*, *Dragon* December 13. He is right in questioning the new technology, right in asking whether we are capable of handling it, but quite wrong in his prognosis.

Not so very long ago, people travelled mainly on foot to try horseback.

In the early twenties the pocket calculator arrived (heck? More was about the use of a modern translator table, would do all four functions and had the same pricing as today's ZX Spectrum). General opinion held it that they would turn all the current crop of youngsters into brain-potential machines.

What's the prognosis of gloom and doom failed to take into account was that, whether you set out by car or on foot, you still have to know where you are going and how to get there. Using a car or calculator, you not only get there quicker, you can also judge in a

lot of explanation in the way. At the risk of putting the cart amongst the horses I would say that the general awareness of mathematics is higher today than it has ever been - mainly due to the advent of the calculator and lately the computer.

If the new super-duper computers come along, that can do everything faster and better than me - then, let it. On philosophical grounds, I refuse to compete with those far cleverer than I. I don't think it makes a student's case whether the motivating *Brain* (that is composed of silicon chips, grey matter of fatty rings).

Surely the whole theme of Glen Gould's article is a sort of the new technology. It is the other language that currently haunts us - redundancy, which is quite a different kind of brain.

D J George  
11 Stockhouse Close  
Windsor  
Middx  
Surrey

## Word perfect

**T**he following information may be of use to any other owners of the *Amstrad* disk drive owners who possess the *Harwood/Amstrad* word processor together with *Taggart*.

In order to load the configured *Taggart* from onto the disc you should first load the initial part in from the tape or, load "Loadtag.M65". Once loaded type *clear* and then save to the disc. The

"*Loadtag.M65*" can be loaded in as a binary file using the format as described in Chapter 2.11 of the user manual.

The length of each file is 4096 with the start address being different for each type of load.

File	Address
Loadtag	10000
Media	11100
Compara	12000
Draw	13000
Palace	14000

Once saved on to disc then *Run/Loadtag.M65* and then *Run/Draw.M65*. This will load in the first and then the word processor.

Gordon C Paterson  
30 High Street  
Ayr  
Fife

## Lunar correction

**R**eferring to the *Dragon* *Lunar Module* program in the December 6 issue a small omission appeared on line 1110. This line should read: 1110 IF T4 = 1 THEN G = 100 GOTO 1210 GOTO 1000

Ashley Watson  
March  
Cambridgehire

## Dragon v. BBC/QL

**I**n response to P. Ashley's letter saying he couldn't understand how the *Dragon* could possibly be superior to the BBC or QL (December 20 issue), try this.

The BBC is a new possibility - following *Dragon's* unfortunate demise - to purchase either a BBC model B, or QL, or a full *Dragon 64* system - assuming of a *Dragon 64*, a single 1.2M word data drive, the Q&A operating system and *Basic 64*.

All these have real keyboard's (as it's only just after New Year I'll give the QL's the benefit of the doubt).

Q&A provides true file commands. For those who do not know this it is used as *PDF* microcomputers and allows multi-user operation and multi-tasking, and has a hierarchical directory file system.

Basic 64 makes BBC *Basic* and *SuperBasic* look half-baked. It allows access to all Q&A's powerful commands

system checks in entry, it does not need line-numbers and line-numbers can be local to procedures. It had the following control structures: *IF Then Else*, *Endif*, *loop Endloop*, *While Do Endwhile*, *Repeat Until* and the *Repeat Until* allows user-defined data types, as well as the standard integer, real, byte, string and boolean. It comes complete with a text editor that can be used with other languages such as *Prolog* and *C*. Finally, *Basic 64* is a word-compiled and semi-interpreted language which gives it speed as well as versatility.

New P. Ashley should have some idea of how the *Dragon 64* is better than the BBC or QL - you can now get both for the same money.

I realise that in some ways *Dragon* has small flaws, but for my purposes, as an A-level computer studies pupil, the *Dragon* is ideal.

Carl Jones  
14 Bishop's Road  
Wimbledon  
Surrey

## Watch your memory

**R**eferring to the recent letters about loss of memory in the QL, I have run out of memory when writing programs which do not involve opening channels. Thanks to D. Woodward's helpful article I have been able to find the source of my problem. The following short program illustrates the fault.

```
100 DIM DIM 48 (14,18)
110 FOR i = 1 TO 50: a(i) = "AAAAAA"
120 FOR i = 1 TO 50: b(i) = "AAAAAA"
130 FOR i = 1 TO 50: c(i) = "AAAAAA"
140 FOR i = 1 TO 50: d(i) = "AAAAAA"
150 FOR i = 1 TO 50: e(i) = "AAAAAA"
160 FOR i = 1 TO 50: f(i) = "AAAAAA"
170 FOR i = 1 TO 50: g(i) = "AAAAAA"
180 FOR i = 1 TO 50: h(i) = "AAAAAA"
190 FOR i = 1 TO 50: i(i) = "AAAAAA"
200 FOR i = 1 TO 50: j(i) = "AAAAAA"
210 FOR i = 1 TO 50: k(i) = "AAAAAA"
220 FOR i = 1 TO 50: l(i) = "AAAAAA"
230 FOR i = 1 TO 50: m(i) = "AAAAAA"
240 FOR i = 1 TO 50: n(i) = "AAAAAA"
250 FOR i = 1 TO 50: o(i) = "AAAAAA"
260 FOR i = 1 TO 50: p(i) = "AAAAAA"
270 FOR i = 1 TO 50: q(i) = "AAAAAA"
280 FOR i = 1 TO 50: r(i) = "AAAAAA"
290 FOR i = 1 TO 50: s(i) = "AAAAAA"
300 FOR i = 1 TO 50: t(i) = "AAAAAA"
310 FOR i = 1 TO 50: u(i) = "AAAAAA"
320 FOR i = 1 TO 50: v(i) = "AAAAAA"
330 FOR i = 1 TO 50: w(i) = "AAAAAA"
340 FOR i = 1 TO 50: x(i) = "AAAAAA"
350 FOR i = 1 TO 50: y(i) = "AAAAAA"
360 FOR i = 1 TO 50: z(i) = "AAAAAA"
370 FOR i = 1 TO 50: aa(i) = "AAAAAA"
380 FOR i = 1 TO 50: ab(i) = "AAAAAA"
390 FOR i = 1 TO 50: ac(i) = "AAAAAA"
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410 FOR i = 1 TO 50: ae(i) = "AAAAAA"
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430 FOR i = 1 TO 50: ag(i) = "AAAAAA"
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450 FOR i = 1 TO 50: ai(i) = "AAAAAA"
460 FOR i = 1 TO 50: aj(i) = "AAAAAA"
470 FOR i = 1 TO 50: ak(i) = "AAAAAA"
480 FOR i = 1 TO 50: al(i) = "AAAAAA"
490 FOR i = 1 TO 50: am(i) = "AAAAAA"
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520 FOR i = 1 TO 50: ap(i) = "AAAAAA"
530 FOR i = 1 TO 50: aq(i) = "AAAAAA"
540 FOR i = 1 TO 50: ar(i) = "AAAAAA"
550 FOR i = 1 TO 50: as(i) = "AAAAAA"
560 FOR i = 1 TO 50: at(i) = "AAAAAA"
570 FOR i = 1 TO 50: au(i) = "AAAAAA"
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720 FOR i = 1 TO 50: bj(i) = "AAAAAA"
730 FOR i = 1 TO 50: bk(i) = "AAAAAA"
740 FOR i = 1 TO 50: bl(i) = "AAAAAA"
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760 FOR i = 1 TO 50: bn(i) = "AAAAAA"
770 FOR i = 1 TO 50: bo(i) = "AAAAAA"
780 FOR i = 1 TO 50: bp(i) = "AAAAAA"
790 FOR i = 1 TO 50: bq(i) = "AAAAAA"
800 FOR i = 1 TO 50: br(i) = "AAAAAA"
810 FOR i = 1 TO 50: bs(i) = "AAAAAA"
820 FOR i = 1 TO 50: bt(i) = "AAAAAA"
830 FOR i = 1 TO 50: bu(i) = "AAAAAA"
840 FOR i = 1 TO 50: bv(i) = "AAAAAA"
850 FOR i = 1 TO 50: bw(i) = "AAAAAA"
860 FOR i = 1 TO 50: bx(i) = "AAAAAA"
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920 FOR i = 1 TO 50: cd(i) = "AAAAAA"
930 FOR i = 1 TO 50: ce(i) = "AAAAAA"
940 FOR i = 1 TO 50: cf(i) = "AAAAAA"
950 FOR i = 1 TO 50: cg(i) = "AAAAAA"
960 FOR i = 1 TO 50: ch(i) = "AAAAAA"
970 FOR i = 1 TO 50: ci(i) = "AAAAAA"
980 FOR i = 1 TO 50: cj(i) = "AAAAAA"
990 FOR i = 1 TO 50: ck(i) = "AAAAAA"
1000 FOR i = 1 TO 50: cl(i) = "AAAAAA"
1010 FOR i = 1 TO 50: cm(i) = "AAAAAA"
1020 FOR i = 1 TO 50: cn(i) = "AAAAAA"
1030 FOR i = 1 TO 50: co(i) = "AAAAAA"
1040 FOR i = 1 TO 50: cp(i) = "AAAAAA"
1050 FOR i = 1 TO 50: cq(i) = "AAAAAA"
1060 FOR i = 1 TO 50: cr(i) = "AAAAAA"
1070 FOR i = 1 TO 50: cs(i) = "AAAAAA"
1080 FOR i = 1 TO 50: ct(i) = "AAAAAA"
1090 FOR i = 1 TO 50: cu(i) = "AAAAAA"
1100 FOR i = 1 TO 50: cv(i) = "AAAAAA"
1110 FOR i = 1 TO 50: cw(i) = "AAAAAA"
1120 FOR i = 1 TO 50: cx(i) = "AAAAAA"
1130 FOR i = 1 TO 50: cy(i) = "AAAAAA"
1140 FOR i = 1 TO 50: cz(i) = "AAAAAA"
1150 FOR i = 1 TO 50: da(i) = "AAAAAA"
1160 FOR i = 1 TO 50: db(i) = "AAAAAA"
1170 FOR i = 1 TO 50: dc(i) = "AAAAAA"
1180 FOR i = 1 TO 50: dd(i) = "AAAAAA"
1190 FOR i = 1 TO 50: de(i) = "AAAAAA"
1200 FOR i = 1 TO 50: df(i) = "AAAAAA"
1210 FOR i = 1 TO 50: dg(i) = "AAAAAA"
1220 FOR i = 1 TO 50: dh(i) = "AAAAAA"
1230 FOR i = 1 TO 50: di(i) = "AAAAAA"
1240 FOR i = 1 TO 50: dj(i) = "AAAAAA"
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**SUNSHINE**



# Eureka!



DOMARK

Dear Reader

16th January 1988

You've probably heard all about **Eureka!**, the '3 games in one' graphic adventure written by Ian Livingstone with a £25,000 prize. No one has yet won it although many of you are extremely close.

The storylines travel through five time zones of our history - Prehistoric, Roman Empire, Medieval Britain, Golditz and the Caribbean, where you come face to face with the evil Hugo Von Berg. He is holding us all to ransom and demands to be made Emperor of the World, otherwise he will destroy it. A secret telephone number direct to the British Prime Minister has been specially installed for you to ring when you have worked out the secret code which will save us all. You must find this code and decipher the telephone number.

The **Eureka!** Hotline number is:

## 01-947 5624

Ring this at any time to witness Von Berg's evil progress and to check that the prize is still available.

We wish you all the best of luck in your search and to help you on your way, will send you a **FREE** Guide to 'Adventure Games' (no clues to the £25,000 though!) if you send in a stamp plus your name and address to us.

Happy searching!

Mark Strachan

Managing Directors

David Valley

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SPECTRUM  
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64

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## Vegas - Atari's gamble

Defies Israeli, still jet-lagged with the first of two reports from the US Winter CES Show. This week: Hardware

If you think it's too early over here maybe you should have gone to the Winter Consumer Electronics Show in Las Vegas where the temperature, at least for the first couple of days, remained in the 80s and the humidity held up at a steady 80%. The Las Vegas Convention Centre - where the show took place between January 3-6 is well, huge. And it's adjacent to the Las Vegas Hilton, the biggest hotel in the world. Not a lot of people know that.

Las Vegas is big on hotels. Hotels, meals, casinos - and desert.

Over 80,000 people turned up to the CES - a figure somewhat down on the last June's CES. The stars of the show were undoubtedly the new computers from Atari and Commodore. Many of the companies in the depressed US software trade are relying on these machines to put the sparkles back to what is currently a very flat market.

Before getting to grips with the new Atari and Commodore machines though, a word about Sinclair and MSX.

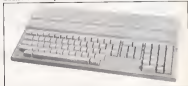
Sinclair showed its QL range - the same version as the machine on sale in the UK, which will go on sale by mail-order in the US by 1985 three next month. The Spectrum+ was also in evidence, but the company at present has no plans to sell it in the US (Sinclair also showed a new product - a portable, wireless FM radio, which it hopes to sell for under

\$120). There are no plans for the device to be sold in Britain.

As regards the QL in America, it will very much be the prospect of Microdrive's not eating the world's lunch and, although the majority of software houses view the machine as a considerable effort, the prospect of most of them in fairly precarious at the moment and some seem keen to produce material

cost \$5000-based machines (one last week's magazine) was very favourable. Trained west out of his way to meet the US software houses and machines for software development are expected to go on by March. Machines could be in the US shops at that stage too, but general feeling was that the market was more likely to appear in the summer.

The ST comes in two forms - the 1280T with 128K Ram at \$299 and the 2560T at \$399. Each includes a choice of Basic or Logo in the built-in language or 128K Ram (expandable to 256K with a 128K plug-in cartridge) including Digital Research's Gem and Gem Desktop special-



Atari's 1280T 6400K-based micro

for a machine which at best it won't be an also-ran outside. Sinclair's decision to sell the machine by mail-order has also not gone down well and the launch of Commodore's C128 and Atari's ST series will make life very difficult for Sinclair.

It also makes things very difficult for the Japanese MSX manufacturers who took the opportunity of the late Vegas show to formally launch the MSX standard in the States. Unfortunately, all eyes were on Commodore and Atari.

Under the leadership of Jack Tramiel, Atari announced a range of new computers designed to put the new software more firmly back on its feet.

Reaction to Atari's ST range of low-

cost systems (Gem and Gem Desktop offer the same kind of user working environment found on machines like Apple's Lisa and Macintosh, and operate using the ST's built-in 'mouse' controller) included also in the line are word-processor, file handling and a calculator. Gem presents these with icons, windows, pop-up menus, memory management and also a real-time clock.

The machine uses a 68K bit-mapped screen with three graphics modes - 256 x 256 pixels in 16 colours, 640 x 400 pixels in four colours or 640 x 400 pixels in monochrome. The screen can be selected from a palette of 655 colours (eight levels each of red, green, and blue). The machine has a built-in



Sinclair's matchless FM radio

computer interface serial port, disc controller and interface (for Atari's 5 $\frac{1}{4}$  inch disc drives), hard disc interface and two joystick ports - one of which is configured for the mouse.

Four display outputs are provided - TV, composite video, RGB and high-resolution monochrome monitor.

Both 3T machines use the General Instruments three-channel sound chip and include a 16bit standard audio interface.

Atari's remaining four new computers are actually not quite so new. They are all developments from Atari's previous 8088 machine. The 486C is roughly a 64K 8088C in a new case for under \$1000. The 8088M is a minor revision of the machine with eight sound channels and the ability to output sound through a hi-fi. The 8088P is a portable version with battery 8 inch 40 - 50 character display and 5 $\frac{1}{4}$  inch disc drive. Finally, the 8088L is under \$500 as a lower cost model has Commodore's new C128, with 128K Ram in two swappable 64K blocks.



Commodore's C128 - something for everyone?

The other major event at the show was Commodore's announcement of its C128 PC and LCD portable machines. Both are developments from the 8088 8-bit processor, already used by the Commodore 64. Commodore's Amiga 8080-based machine is being further developed ("additional features are being added"). It is not expected to be seen until June C128, so go on sale in late '85/pearly '86.

Commodore has also decided not to take on IBM as its home ground. Its 8084 IBM-compatible PC will not be sold in the US, however, it will be marketed in Europe and is expected to go on sale in the UK, priced around \$2,000, in February.

Back to the C128. The machine is an attempt to offer something for every body. It has 128K Ram in two swappable 64K blocks, together with a new version of Basic, Basic 2.0. In a second mode it can be a Commodore 64 - fully software and peripheral compatible with the 64s, complete with the 64's 3.0 version of Basic. Finally in a third mode the C128 runs as built-in 280-processor to give a CP/M compatibility.

The C128 will be available in two forms. The basic form will not be under \$500 and have no built-in disc drive. A second version will have a 5 $\frac{1}{4}$  inch disc drive built-in. Commodore also announced a new separate disc unit to accompany the C128 - either to provide



Commodore's 100 disc drive

a disc drive for the basic model, or a second drive for the up-market version. In its CP/M mode the C128 is compatible with any ordinary 5 $\frac{1}{4}$  inch disc format CP/M software. No special disc reformatting is required.

In C128 mode the machine has 128K Ram, 48K Rom. 16 colours, two display configurations - 640 x 200 and 640 x 300 pixels. In C64 mode the machine has only 64K Ram, 16K Rom, only the 640 x 300 display format, but eight programmable sprites. In CP/M mode the machine has 128K Ram running under CP/M Plus OS version 3.0. Memory is expandable to 512K (as it is in C128 mode). The machine is then a disc-based system, with the same two display configurations of C128 mode.

The C128 has a cassette port, tv output, user port, audio I/O, composite video output, serial port, two joystick ports, RGB output and a cartridge slot. A 'mouse' controller option is available.

Commodore's new 1001 8 $\frac{1}{4}$  inch disc drive to accompany the C128 offers a 0.8M unformatted capacity (300K formatted). The device is also fully compatible with the C64, Plus/4 and LCD machines. The device, as intelligent, it features its own built-in 8083 processor with 32K Ram and 32K Rom. In Commodore mode it uses double sided, single density discs and is compatible with Commodore's existing 1541 and 1501 drives (although faster). In CP/M mode it uses double-sided/double density discs and boots

up in IBM System 38 format (Raypro and Calserve compatible).

The company's other new machine, the LCD Portable is intended as a sell-out, aimed not, featuring its own 40 - 18 character (40 - 18 pixel) liquid crystal display and using a revision of the 8088 processor. The device has a 385 CMOS Ram and a 385 CMOS Rom. The Rom includes Basic 2.0, a word processor, file manager, spreadsheet, address book, diary, monitor, calculator and mouse pad. The machine also has a built-in motion and the Rom includes 300 hard commomouse software. In addition, the machine has an 80883 interface, Centronics printer interface, C64 seri-



The LCD portable

al interface (making it compatible with all C64 serial peripherals), hardwire master port, cassette interface and memory expansion slot. The LCD portable is battery powered.

What does Commodore's Plus/4 and C128 mean? Both the C128 and LCD Portable are designed to be Commodore compatible. Neither are Plus/4 compatible and the disc drive, promised for the Plus/4 in June last year has yet to appear. Software support is also weak for the Plus/4 or C128 titles inside the Commodore 64 shell itself. As a result, rumors that the Plus/4 and C128 are both to be scrapped were flying around all over the place. Commodore firmly denied the rumors, instead claiming that the machines would have to be "repositioned". We shall see.



# Interceptor

Place yourself at the controls of a SAM missile in this game written for the Q6 by Ian Williams and Steven Halliwell

**I**nterceptor is a game based on the actual methods of use of the surface-to-air missile (SAM) as used in the Middle East some years ago.

A SAM 1, made by the Russians, consisted of the guided missile itself, a launching unit and a remote guidance system. In the case of the SAM 1 this involved a small information monitor and a joystick, exactly the same as can be found on any home computer. When the target was sighted the operator lined up the launch unit using physical sight as the general direction of the attacker. When the sight was roughly aligned the missile was launched.

As it sped towards the attacker it unwinded a long, steel wire which connected it to the television camera through which the attacking plane, or ballistic missile could be seen by the operator, who was, of course, still on the ground. The object was to score a hit by manoeuvring the SAM with the joystick onto the attacker.

In this game, you are presented with a set of six bases and one central control base. As the game starts, ballistic missiles appear from the top of the screen and begin to close onto your bases. In

the centre of the screen there is a small circle. This is your sighting circle, moved using cursor keys.

When a missile track enters the small circle you activate the laser controlled SAM launch by pressing the fire button on the space bar. Immediately a burst of laser has is fired from your base and the target computer checks to see if your SAM is close enough to be launched. If not, then you will just have to try again. When the computer has verified the targeting co-ordinates then a window opens up in the centre of the screen.

It is your job to centre the SAM exactly so that the incoming missile appears in the dead centre of the sighting window. As soon as this position has been achieved the attack computer, which is calculating the position every millisecond, activates the proximity fuse which automatically destroys the missile and ups your score by 50 points. If, however, you permit the attacker to get too close to you, his missile will neutralise your SAM and you will get a "Negative Take-out" message.

Each succeeding wave is more difficult and it can be great fun altering some of the variables to increase the explo-

ration, speed etc. Altering the value of ref in Line 280 will alter the speed of attack of enemy missiles while altering the score values in Lines 2020 and 2160 can fool everyone as to your ability!

## Program Notes

Procedures form the core of the game and are called as follows:

- Pointer and Movement** - Outputs the title screen.
- Display** - Dimension arrays, sets up the five screens and initializes variables.
- Score var** - Sets up the score window and increases score by 'var'.
- Drawn** - Draws remaining bases following hit.
- Attack** - Checks for available targets and drops them.
- Score** - Prints bombs & shields for hit.
- Base x,y** - Draws guidelines & sets.
- Explosion x,y** - Draws explosion at co-ords x,y with radius r.
- Exp** - Draws destroyed sites.
- Align** - Guides and moves sight circle, checks for fire button, or space bar, sets the "var".
- Var** - Launches missile, opens interface window and responds to direction from operator.
- Draw** - Closes window and ends game.





# User Groups & Micro Clubs

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## We want to hear from you!

In February *Popular Computing Weekly* is printing a nationwide guide to micro clubs and user groups. In order that the information is as up to date as possible, we need details of as many user clubs you can think of. If you attend a club regularly, ask the secretary of your group to send us the following information, as soon as possible.

Please send the completed coupons to: Club Index, *Popular Computing Weekly*, 12-13 Little Newport Street, London WC2H 7NP.

Club Name	Town/District
When does it meet (Time, frequency, day, date)	
Where does it meet (venue address)	
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Main machines covered and special interests	

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## Hardware Review

## Desk space

**Hardware** Miccomp M8000t Speed-  
Stream Keyboard Price £50 US Supplie-  
rs Miccomp, Unit 8, Levenshulme  
Trading Estate, Foreworks Lane,  
Levenshulme, Manchester M19 3BT.

The introduction of the Spectrum Plus might be thought to have knocked the addition keyboard market on its head. However, the Plus costs £120 more than the standard Spectrum, and its OS-style keys aren't as handy as the standard keys, so there should still be demand for expansion.

That model, the Minscomp 104 keyboard, could have been a masterpiece, in the design to a lay-down on a couple of points. Firstly, the good news, the M2004 is easy to fit. All you have to do is unswear the Spectrum's PCB, clip it into the Minscomp's base, connect the cables to the keyboard, and whammo! the top

Now the bad news. The MDIM is designed to take Interstate One without modification, no bad thing in itself. It also has a large hole to fit the power transmission, upon no bad thing. The big problem is that the resulting unit is ridiculously large - much wider and deeper than a Commodore 64. You'll need to clear plenty of desk space for

[illegible]

The construction also isn't very impressive, the *Shogun* shows leaks along, although the materials are admirably sturdy, and the key legends are coloured stickers (although production marks are better arranged towards)

The keyboard itself has a positive action and short key travel, and features a 12-key numeric/alphanumeric pad to the right of the main section. There's also the customary function keys, but, as

located. Over 100 acres of the lake, and  
moreover, on a small island of the lake, are

Additional features include a gun rest, which looks like a deformation on the casing of first sight, and 'pairs zero' - presumably for mounting multiple barrels.

On the whole, the Minicomp 40000, at \$20,000, doesn't offer much that more expensive units don't have. But if you have a few more dollars to play with,

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## On-side!

**Program:** *Football Manager*  
**Manufacturer:** CPC800  
**Price:** £7.95  
**Supplier:** Add-on Games, 25 Richmond Hill, Bournemouth, Dorset.

**I**'ve got a confession to make here - I'm not one of those who has a reserved position on the terrace every Saturday. In what I was given the hope to review I thought something

would be all time, on a par with *Manopoly* and *Ludo*.

Take it from me, a frustration-suffering computer with three (though emerges in your soul as you take your lovely fourth down from to a quiet killing example in the FA Cup. Despite being one of the most technically better games still available, this will be no big on the 486 as it has been on every machine since the ZX81. For those who really don't know, it's a strategy game where you juggle with the various strengths and

through five action-packed seasons to recruit her from the belly.

On the early screens, *Goal* runs and jumps too may round the ball-cover collecting all of the small balls. However, he doesn't have things all his own way then bouncing cannon balls, moving platforms and ropes all contribute to his problems.

What I like about the game is the control you have over Quax. Instead of just dropping to the floor with an untimely crash when you make a mistake, you can guide the *Manchuck* as he is falling, in the hope of reaching him from the ground.

I know this may sound a bit like all those other platform games, but *Manchuck* it has got a few more touches (in particular, the music) than that other Quax, should be the successful, are not for the squeamish).

This game will be of special interest to those who saw the television programme "Com. normal freer" which featured the production of *Manchuck* II.

All in all, a good game which lives up to the high standard of its predecessor.

**Tom Rennie**



## Rivetted

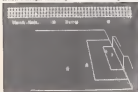
**Program:** *Next Air Mail*  
**Manufacturer:** M. Price  
**Price:** £1.95  
**Supplier:** Add-on Games

**T**his is another piece of top-quality Add-on Games software with their graphics and glossy packaging. You see *Next Air Mail*, a home like *Manchuck* has been All you have to do is break the building. *Manchuck* story? Well, while you're moving around the orders you have to avoid certain nasty people, namely the sophisticated junks and Cuts. *Manchuck*, clip-

gaps in the framework with gardens. After accomplishing this, you will have to obtain a rivet-gun in order to rivet the garden into place. *Springboards*, chains and elevators are available to aid your ascent. All through the play before people can be guided by collecting various items of equipment.

On the second screen, a number of subplots need to be collected by making your way round the garden. Along the conveyor belt and up the beam.

At the third level you have to get all the steel blocks and drop them into the rivet machines. As on the other levels,



along the lines of "Oh, it's a that game that football season at up all night playing, the last". Why was it then that I finally caught the last, my voice hoarse from croaking "Come on you reds" and "Goals was great! Goal!", in fact in the morning having made the neighbours sick as parties with all the cheering? The only answer is that *Com. Toms* has installed onto one of the best classic game for-

weekends of your team and try to stretch the *Manchuck* for enough to buy new players and put yourself on the road to football glory. The game is made by the otherwise outstanding highlights of each match.

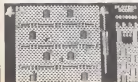
How where did I put this tape? Here we go, here we go, here we go.

**Tom Rennie**



## Macabre

**Program:** *Manchuck II*  
**Price:** £7.95  
**Manufacturer:** M. Price  
**Supplier:** Add-on Games, 25 Richmond Hill, Bournemouth, Dorset.



**H** *Manchuck* was one of Quax's first jobs, and now the sequel has arrived. As you will probably guess, *Manchuck* has got himself into trouble again and you, being a lot of a hero, have got to guide *Manchuck*



back, and no sense of humor, this is a "Living proof of the beauty of evil".

There are six, really different, platform-like levels in the game, and you are allowed to start on any of the first three (a good idea if you are not a superperson).

On the first level, you have to finish the *Manchuck*. This can be achieved by filling the

many machine will try their hardest to get in your way (including a port-a-pot).

*Next Air Mail* is a true member of the platform family of games. Its novelty lies in a series of "vile" features which make it fun to play. A good game.

**Tom Rennie**





## Labyrinth

**Program:** Fantasy Fight Palace  
**19 MS Micro, Design:** 3D  
**Supplier:** Cabela Software, 52  
 Lombard Rd., Tucson, Azca 857  
 276

**F**antasy Fight is a labyrinth-style arcade game. The said labyrinth consists of 50 separate rooms each containing its own complement of monsters and rewards. The object is to collect bags of gold and defeat the monsters (30 different varieties) before energy runs out, a lot like *Wolf of Thung*. To defeat the monsters, it is necessary to have the appropriate weapons or spells.

The game is controlled by



using both joystick and the keyboard, although an option

of all keyboard is included. Movement is controlled from the joystick while weapons (where available) are obtained by keyboard. To make this easier, an overlay is provided which shows the character's numeric key word each for a specific weapon.

The instruction booklet is comprehensive but printed in red on bright yellow paper (in monochrome it looks which does not help at all).

There is sufficient variation to make the game, once mastered, very and interesting to play, although the initial monster (which follows a standard pattern) tend to get monotonous with familiarity. The graphics are fairly with a very crowded screen containing the labyrinth rooms and status data. The effect of being trapped is a bit over the top with flashing status changes which make the screen difficult to absorb quickly.

Overall, the game is absorbing and can hold the interest for quite a while, but down a little only by the display.

**Darrell Treasman**



## Action

**Program:** End on Runging  
**Any Pico 20 MS Micro**  
**Contributors:** 44  
**Supplier:** Arissoft, Madrid

**C**arrying on in the same genre as *Deathlord*, this game is a fast-action strategy-shoot-out. You are a "highly skilled federal



pilot" and here to destroy six war factories of the Runging Empire. These can be found amongst a collection of well-protected islands.

Tanks, anti-aircraft guns, battleships and planes have to be engaged and destroyed if you are going to succeed on the mission. The strategic element of the game arises from the need for you to protect your own aircraft carrier from enemy attack - every so often you have to land for

repairs and more ammunition.

The huge playing area covers 100 screens, and radar is used to reveal enemy positions in the surrounding sea screens. The keyboard controls are very realistic in that your perspective changes with direction as you fly around the 360 degree scrolling screen.

I found the action very fast and fun, especially when

being attacked by jet fighters firing heat-seeking missiles. It really gave the adrenaline going. The price may seem a bit steep, but this can be partly accounted for by the superb graphics that we have come to expect from USA imports. The attractive packaging and first class presentation add up to a truly professional game.

**Tom Haxey**



## Language

**Program:** Pascal Micro  
**Amstrad CPC 484 Price:**  
 £22.95  
**Supplier:** Amstrad, Brentwood House, 107 Enge Road, Brentwood, Essex, or direct from Ham

**L**et's start off by saying that I think this is an excellent program and worth every penny of its particularly hefty price, but some people will have difficulty finding a use for it.

Machine code has the advantages of flexibility and speed, but it is an absolute nightmare to reproduce complex systems such as a COB program or an AI or the extensive string handling of adventure programs which can be most conveniently expressed using Basic. As ideal compromise for many would be fast compiled languages - Pascal, for example - on home micro. A few based systems only goes halfway towards solving the problems since it has to be loaded in before you can run

a program.

However, there is one area where this Pascal has an obvious and very important use. Many people partly buy their purchase of a home computer as an aid to getting a job or helping them with it. But in practice a knowledge of, say, Basic, Basic is in little demand. Pascal on the other hand is a widely used professional language and has all the advantages of being designed to encourage structured programming (it was the success of the Procedure oriented used in BBC Basic) as well as being more rigidly structured.

Basic's success also gives you a useful insight into the way micro - and micro-based often work with separate editors and a great distinction between the operating system and the language - something that comes as a bit of a shock to home users where the whole thing is judged into the Basic.

The text is in a very different to the sort of programming you will be used to and may seem like waffling through mud for the first few

days, which is why I requested the absence of the *Future of Code to Next Pascal* in the review copy. The Amstrad manual is well written, easy to read, is designed to document the features available and to preserve comprehensiveness in its scope but it is little advanced for a newcomer to the language.

The version is an 'almost full' implementation with the major features being due, being the Basic, this cannot be handled in the normal way



and are replaced by Tape in and Tape out commands. This is easy to adapt to for those learning the language but could make converting programs from other machines a nuisance. To compensate there are many predefined procedures to enable access to the advanced features of the computer.

Once loaded there is 256 available in which to program which is quite handy for most things but one limit does handling programs. The tape also comes the marvelous bonus of tape graphics which can be used within your Pascal programs.

An extremely impressive package.

**Tony Knowles**

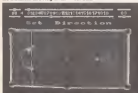


## Pot black

**Program** Another Mirror  
**Amstrad CPC484 Price** £7.95  
**Supplier** Amstrad, Watlington  
House, 119 Kings Road, Watlington,  
Oxford, Oxford

**A** must have slipped out their own version of Amstrad in the face of the extremely well known

own player position mode and, if you are as fast as putting as I am, the useful option of playing with as few as six rods. The coloured balls can be transferred on screen for people with a given monitor or who have nothing of the order in which to put the colours. There is extremely precise control over the strength of shot as well as the ability to add all sorts of spin to the cue ball.



ed release of Steve Davis *Snooker* by CDS. CDS were responsible for the only really fast and playable version of pool for the Spectrum as it will be interesting to see how well Amstrad's attempt compares.

On the positive side, unlike many other attempts, this is a full and complete representation of snooker with a strict adherence to the rules, the correct number of balls, and accurate display of scores, but about one. There is also a

On the negative side it is a very slow game and because of this a moderately unattractive. When you think about it the number of real time calculations to be made together with the number of moving graphics to control probably makes this inevitable. Perhaps a full version of *Snooker* is something that should have been left to Pinball on the C64, unless CDS prove me wrong.

**Tony Kinsella**



## Child's play

**Program** Learning With  
**Leaper Price** £3.95  
**Spectrum 48K Supplier** Software Projects Limited,  
Barnes Road, Wootton, Liverpool L85 3JF

**L**eaper is intended for ages three to six, but the packaging also claims 'No adult supervision required'. I would feel less than happy leaving a three year old unsupervised with a computer, and when just one key press sends the child to the title screen, you have a recipe for tears. A bad start.

To the four games themselves. None offers much in

the way of reward for a successfully completed task. *Dog Count* is a test in matching the number of bones to dogs. So, the correctly said the dogs wag their tails with an accompanying tone, but give too many bones and you will get the matching tone. *Letter Frog* is a letter matching game with even less reward.

*Leap Frog*'s aim is to guide a frog round a single maze ahead of a pursuing centipede, but as the supply



game over you'll find that you have some to be late. Finally, *Screen Painting* is a paintbox 'without all the fuss' - a simple example of the computer taking over where it is needed. As this is not overly simple to use it will definitely need parental supervision, unlike paper and crayons.

## Superb

**Program** Jewels of Babylon  
**Amstrad CPC484 Price** £5.95  
**Supplier** Interceptor, London House, The Green, Taffley, Leeds

**T**he some companies the best 'graphic adventure' seems to be an excuse to call up a load of their and intensely boring box-like pictures and use that as an excuse to avoid any pretence of atmosphere in the text. Fortunately Interceptor have gone down a very different road and have built themselves a pretty good reputation for adventures in the process. *Jewels of Babylon* should greatly enhance the image because, in terms

of design, some parents will think that it's never too early to introduce their child to the video, but at this age a few hours teaching aids and some active parental involvement would prove a lot more effective - and cheaper!

**John Minnes**



adventure games to three things up.

To be honest it's not Level 3 and you will get annoying sequences like when in the subtext 'HOW SOUTH' - 'I DON'T UNDERSTAND', 'GO SOUTH' - 'TIT BOWING' and. On the whole though the best handling is pretty reasonable but what about the graphics?

They are absolutely superb, probably the best I've seen, and the colour screen due to the use of four colours made somewhat aside to their charm. They appear extremely quickly too.

It is a tribute to Interceptor, and I suppose a tribute to Amstrad, that when playing the game in the office everyone who walked past stopped short in admiration and demanded to know what the program was. If Interceptor



of plot, I found it a huge improvement on *Forest of the World's End* which was really quite simple and written in a minimalist style.

Not only are there more, and more interesting, puzzles in this game but the author has also allowed himself the luxury of including the occasional adjective or line of de-

scribing this up they can target about three words game.

The other good point is that it is refreshingly cheap for a piece of Amstrad software which may be the start of a trend towards more realistic prices.

**Tony Kinsella**



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publishers of the game

## "BACKPACKERS GUIDE TO THE UNIVERSE PART 1"

would like to state that their game is in no way connected with the works of Douglas Adams entitled "Hitchhikers Guide to the Galaxy" or the computer game now being marketed by Infocom Inc., based upon that work.

In order to avoid confusion, the name of Fantasy Software's game has been changed to

## "BACK PACKERS"

## UPPER GUMTREE

*You will be!*



## A touch of genie-us

**Graham Taylor interviews Hanan Samara — proof that games programs aren't all written by adolescent males**

**H**anan Samara is a computer programmer who also happens to be Arab. Like a Samara degree in Maths is writing up a software house and, supposedly, as otherwise, in a woman. While women have entered the computer industry doing PR jobs and, here and there, some graphic design, there are few actually programming anywhere and fewer still programming games.

Talking to Hanan she is, interestingly, as confused by the flag-bearing samaras anyone else. "For a long time I didn't realise I was one of the few women in the industry. I never thought of it until it was pointed out to me."

Undoubtedly there is a link between the situation in the computer industry and the wider society in the balance between men and women taking creative subjects to a high level, but Hanan also sees some differences within computer programming itself. "You need a lot of patience for Assembly language which is used for games, and it can be pretty tedious unless you have a certain kind of mind. I think there are more women working in high level languages, like in writing for home computers, or, games where you need to have a lot of little bits and pieces. It may be that that makes some sort of difference."

Hanan first learnt Pascal as a tool for her Masters Degree. "I needed a computer language as part of a punch card scheduling project, then I started work

when Hana joined Theta One, where she was offered a job as program designer and project leader.

She remembers her first experience of a computer game and the enthusiasm she felt that remains now. "I remember it was a child's game based on *Murphy's Law*. It was like a little movie and I totally captivated by it."

I asked Hana to try and explain the appeal of writing computer games. "What excites me most is the way something which looks as an idea in your mind can gradually, with many obstacles as to awareness, become reality."

What is the actual process of game creation? "Well, the first thing is the idea which means the setting, plot and generally the way it works as a game, next comes a storyboard where the sequence of events is worked out and then you can actually design the sprites for the different characters." Then, it turns out, is the time consuming process. "Actual coding can happen relatively quickly, except that you find some of your ideas are unworkable or that somehow all the good ideas in your storyboard aren't any good on screen."

Probably the most exciting of the games Hana has worked on is *Jim Grex*, a role-playing game recently licensed by Microimage which deserves to do well. It takes some basic arcade concepts with some original thought and some several character designs,

Arab, a Palestinian, and all the ideas of games and so on are familiar to me."

The game involves magic carpets, castles, magic keys, games, battles in which the game may be trapped, it looks Arab in terms of the design, and as a game it plays well — it has been deliberately designed so that it should be possible to get through the whole game at the lowest level after only a few plays, which is, when you come to think about it, rather unusual for an arcade game.

"In designing the whole game I worked backwards, the first idea is that you must get the game — the first — into a book, then you take yourself, well, where is the book? All the themes of the first, Desert and Battle come from *Barbed*, at first I planned a sea version,



but for various reasons making it land-based gradually seemed a better idea.

"I always make sure it is possible to complete the game quite easily so, but gradually it gets more and more difficult — to a certain extent that reflects the fact that most of my previous work has been designed for the States where they don't like things to be too difficult."

The game was produced by Hana as her latest role as joint owner of Dalah, a company she formed with another ex-Theta employee, Adrian Wadley — the objective is to do contract work on program design and development for other companies as well as coverances from one machine to another of successful games. "Obviously, we'll also produce our own games and I'd like to produce some really good educational software."

Dalah is to concentrate on the Commodore and the Spectrum as Hana sees little immediate future for other machines. "I haven't even touched a QL because of the microdrives, the Amstrad is a nice looking machine but we won't work with it yet, equally BBC could be OK, but the price will have to come down."

Potential projects suggest that Dalah is a company intending to explore some of the less obvious programming routes. "I'd like to do some space-ops from board games — we're talking to one company in particular."

My attempt to draw Hana on her projects reveals a relevant caution.

"Do you know, I never tell about plans too specifically any more. I sometimes think that people's ideas float up to the air and float into other people's heads." Never have I heard programmer so positively desisted.



she is an editor for international Computer Systems where I also picked up 280 code." The move to games happened

"Well, *Jim Grex* is a game that incorporates many of the basic myths and children's stories of my culture — I am an

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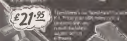
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2005	55%
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2007	35%
2008	25%
2009	15%

Please send me \_\_\_\_\_ Adult colour (p. 11) (5)  
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I enclose a cheque/PO made payable to: (X) MRC, ( ) BCS (5)  
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**6** **THE**  
**THE**  
**THE**

## Special competition

# Thomas Dolby's Micro Music Competition



Popular Computing Weekly offers you a chance to win over £2,000 worth of Siel synthesiser equipment to connect to your micro

## The Prizes

**1st Prize** Siel's new ME900 synth - Value £1,200

The ME900 is an exciting new six-voice polyphonic programmable MIDI synthesiser which we are giving away complete with software packages to link it to either a Commodore 64, BBC or Spectrum computer (whichever is appropriate for the winner).

**2nd Prize** Siel ME900 MIDI Music keyboard - Value £800

The ME900, which we reviewed in PCW, December 5, is Siel's Mid Home Computer music keyboard which we are giving away together with Mid, studio and software to link it to a Commodore 64, BBC or Spectrum main.

**3rd Prize** Siel CMF 40 Commodore 64 music keyboard plus MIDI interface - Value £350

This is a new product from Siel offering a full-featured music add-on for your Commodore 64.

**Entry** - 30 copies of Island Logic's The Music System for the winners up

# MUSIC VOUCHER

# 1

## The Competition

**T**HE prizes will be awarded for the best original music compositions written using a home micro.

What we want you to do is to use your home computer to produce an original music recording. Entrants must submit:

- A tape or disc containing the software program or programs used to produce the composition.
- An explanation as to how the 1,000 words of the program, how it was written, what it does, and what you have tried to achieve.
- Wherever possible we would like you to provide a printed listing of your source program and composition.
- We would also like you to send a cassette tape recording of your composition.

## Some guidelines

**C**OMPUTERS are increasingly being used in professional music making and it is possible to link all sorts of

musical instruments to a home micro - drum machines, synths, and so on. The winning entries though will be likely to have been written and played using just an ordinary home micro. You may use any other equipment you wish - for example, a tape recorder to multi-track the finished tape. Any commercially written home micro software packages may also be used, but their use will be taken into consideration.

We are looking more for quality of original composition, good ideas, and some programming skill. At the end of the day, though, it must be music to our ears! Different micros have different music facilities and that also will be taken into account. Don't be put off just because your Spectrum isn't very loud!

## The Judges

**T**he competition will be judged by a panel of experts which includes:

Thomas Dolby (Vocalist)  
Mark Jenkins (Melody Maker)  
Graham Taylor (Popular Computing Weekly)

The decision of the judges will be final.



## How to enter

**T**O enter you must fill in the form and send it together with your tape(s), listing and/or disc containing your finished composition and explanatory notes, to: Thomas Dolby's Micro Music Competition, Popular Computing Weekly, 12-13 Little Newport Street, London WC2H 7TF. At the same time you must also include four sets of five special Micro Music vouchers.

All entries must reach us by midday on March 14 and the winners will be announced in April.

Please send enclosed my entry to: Thomas Dolby's Micro Music Competition.

Name <input type="text"/>	Micro used <input type="text"/>
Address <input type="text"/>	Other hardware used <input type="text"/>
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
<input type="text"/>	Any commercial software packages used <input type="text"/>
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

# Lunar-tics

A useful program for the New Year - Moon Calendar

by Maurice Gerkis

**T**he program for the ZX Spectrum produces a calendar with a difference. Not only does it give a new year greeting for every month from 1980 to 2000, but the phase of the Moon for each day in the month is also shown. The program correctly shows the day of the week as Sunday, Monday etc, against the date and the total number of days in each selected month including leap-years.

Regarding the Moon's phase, the program has been optimised to give correct results typically within a day of the correct phase. This error will increase to about 3 days towards the year 2000 (if this really concerns you!) In reality the motion of the Moon about the Earth is extremely complex so a simple empirical formula from Lines 390 to 399 is used here which is adequate for the purpose.

In the printed calendar, the waxing or "growing" Moon from new moon to full moon (circular disc) is coloured white (ink 1). The waning or "shrinking" moon from full to new again is coloured cyan (ink 3). The young waxing crescent, like a C but backwards, is only visible at dusk in the Western skies while the old waning crescent, like a lesser C, will only be seen before dawn in the Eastern skies. Full moon can be seen throughout the night and on these

occasions astronomers forbid their telescopes for indoor parents due to the Moon's sky-glare. The new and full moons are the first and last of each monthly cycle that are coloured white in the display via Lines 430 and 439.

Three year total means one can use the calendar to predict the tides. As a guide, using London Bridge as an example, high tide occurs within about an hour of 1pm and low for both new and full moon. These times get progressively later each day until high tide occurs about 4pm and then when the Moon is "full full" like a lesser D or C backwards as first and last quarter moons respectively. Times vary drastically by several hours in different UK ports so consult your local coast-guard station to find the "constant" with reference to London Bridge.

## Program Notes

The following logic in the variable /p gives a modified "julen day" (JD) number for the first day of the selected month. Each day has a unique JD number and in the program it is just used to identify the starting day of the month via the variable Q, ie, Sunday, Monday, etc. The variable Mused identifies the number of days in the selected month allowing for leap-years at four year intervals. This is used to set the length of the For/Next J loop.

The Moon's phase is drawn with two curved lines via variables P and C. The path of the Moon nearest to the Sun is drawn first as a semicircle via P and represents the Moon's back as edge. The terminator or sunrise/sunset line drawn via C varies from a straight line to a semicircle curved to the full or waxy. The program correctly matches the hand-drawn effect as the terminator line approaches new or full moon. This line advances more rapidly about the quarter moons as the sample displays show.

It will be noted the whole program, except for a couple of tiny BASIC statements, has been typed with the Caps lock set to upper case letters. Do so by pressing Caps shift and key F for the same case. The Rom engineers have been set to lowercase Video for clarity only. The program has the option to Copy the calendar on to the ZX printer via Line 550. By the addition of the following extra program line the Spectrum will automatically compute and Copy to the printer a complete calendar for any given year input J to start month at January. Start program with this line.

**Alt/Insert Copy On: Let M=M+1:Go To 80.**

The program can be saved with Go to 800 as a direct command and will reload from tape with Load"" on Load "MOONCAL". Even, The File in Line 40 sets the upper case lock so that the Input commands (as upper case) at Lines 550 and 560 are identified.

```

1000 REM *****
40 LET NEWMOONCALENDAR=
50 REM MOONCALENDAR 84444 4444
60 REM 1980/1981 1984
70 REM *****
40 REM *****
50 REM *****
60 REM *****
70 REM *****
80 REM *****
90 REM *****
100 REM *****
110 REM *****
120 REM *****
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900 REM *****
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950 REM *****
960 REM *****
970 REM *****
980 REM *****
990 REM *****
1000 REM *****

```





# Taking a chance

Chance your luck at dice throwing with your CPC 464 by **BW Simulator**

**Y**ou have got into a game of throwing dice with your new Amstrad computer. An interesting pastime by paces over the wall at each of the houses.

This program is simple, but shows how easy it is to make UDGs on the Amstrad. It also serves to show how to produce random results very easily, and

gives a simple routine for the use of loops.

## Program Notes

- 10-20 Sets the colours, and introduces speech routines
- 30-300 Throws the dice (randomly) at one side
- 340-410 Converts the dice back to numbers for scoring, and prints them.

460-460

1000-1000

1000-1000

1000-1000

1000-1000

1000-1000

1000-1000

1000-1000

here for scoring, and prints them.

Plays a tune, prints the score, and changes the dice-throwing location, as well as the player-by

Throws the second set of dice (randomly) with the other dice. Converts the dice back to numbers, and prints them.

Plays a tune, prints the score, and changes the dice-throwing location, as well as the player-by

Other scoring game, and de-arranges the score for the next game.

Prints out the screen layout.

Prints out the characters.

```

10 REM DICE THROWING
20 REM 1 2 3 4 5 6 7
30 BORDER 0:INK 1,0:PAK 0,20:CLS
40 GOTO 5000
70 GOTO 4000
100 REM SCORES
110 REM 0 0 0
120 REM 0 0 0
130 REM 0 0 0
140 REM 0 0 0
150 REM 0 0 0
160 REM 0 0 0
170 REM 0 0 0
180 REM 0 0 0
190 REM 0 0 0
200 REM 0 0 0
210 REM 0 0 0
220 REM 0 0 0
230 REM 0 0 0
240 REM 0 0 0
250 REM 0 0 0
260 REM 0 0 0
270 REM 0 0 0
280 REM 0 0 0
290 REM 0 0 0
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310 REM 0 0 0
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420 REM 0 0 0
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440 REM 0 0 0
450 REM 0 0 0
460 REM 0 0 0
470 REM 0 0 0
480 REM 0 0 0
490 REM 0 0 0
500 REM 0 0 0
510 REM 0 0 0
520 REM 0 0 0
530 REM 0 0 0
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580 REM 0 0 0
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610 REM 0 0 0
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690 REM 0 0 0
700 REM 0 0 0
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730 REM 0 0 0
740 REM 0 0 0
750 REM 0 0 0
760 REM 0 0 0
770 REM 0 0 0
780 REM 0 0 0
790 REM 0 0 0
800 REM 0 0 0
810 REM 0 0 0
820 REM 0 0 0
830 REM 0 0 0
840 REM 0 0 0
850 REM 0 0 0
860 REM 0 0 0
870 REM 0 0 0
880 REM 0 0 0
890 REM 0 0 0
900 REM 0 0 0
910 REM 0 0 0
920 REM 0 0 0
930 REM 0 0 0
940 REM 0 0 0
950 REM 0 0 0
960 REM 0 0 0
970 REM 0 0 0
980 REM 0 0 0
990 REM 0 0 0

```

```

4050 FOR I LOCATE 25.58:PRINT "TOTAL SCORE"
4060 LOCATE 27.25:PRINT "TIME "
4070 LOCATE 28.24:PRINT "YEARS "
4080 J=0:K=0
4090 LOCATE 30.25:PRINT "C"
4100 LOCATE 30.24:PRINT "X"
4110 FOR Y=0 TO 99:LOCATE 18.7:PRINT CHR$(247)+
LOCATE 21.7:PRINT CHR$(247):NEXT Y
4120 FOR K=0 TO 17:LOCATE X.7:PRINT CHR$(240)+HEX K
4130 FOR K=0 TO 99:LOCATE K.5:PRINT CHR$(248):NEXT K
4140 LOCATE 3.2:PRINT "HI SCORE "
4150 LOCATE 5.4:PRINT "YOUR "
4160 RETURN
5000 REM GRAPHICS
5010 REM X X X X X
5020 SYMBOL AFTER 240
5030 SYMBOL 241,255,250,255,255,255,255,255,0 REM DICE 1
5040 SYMBOL 242,255,245,255,255,255,255,255,0 REM DICE 2
5050 SYMBOL 243,255,240,255,255,255,255,255,0 REM DICE 3
5060 SYMBOL 244,255,193,255,255,255,255,255,0 REM DICE 4
5070 SYMBOL 245,255,153,255,255,255,255,255,0 REM DICE 5
5080 SYMBOL 246,255,153,255,153,255,153,255,0 REM DICE 6
5090 SYMBOL 247,65,179,65,179,65,179,65,179 REM DICE WHEEL
5100 SYMBOL 248,255,179,65,255,179,196,179,255 REM TOP WALL
5110 SYMBOL 249,7,49,52,50,54,7,79,129 REM LEFT WALL
5120 SYMBOL 250,240,49,4,4,2,50,54,1 REM RIGHT WALL
5130 SYMBOL 251,255,173,64,255,179,196,179,255 REM WALL HOME
5140 SYMBOL 252,63,47,53,255,179,246,179,255 REM HOSE WALL
5150 RETURN
5500 STOP

```

# Put your micro to work, at home.

If you reckon there's more to your micro than playing games, but you're baffled by word processing and confused by spreadsheets, then take a good long read of Mike Gresh's new book.

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# Minimum points

Graph plotting with tears on the BBC B with the aid of Michael Poyser

**A** lot of level students of mathematics will know the pleasure of drawing a graph showing a formula  $y=f(x)$ . One way of finding the shape of a graph is to pick some points, work out the corresponding  $y$  values and plot them on the axes. The trouble is how do you know how to join them together? Unless you take a lot of points you could get two points either side of a hump and mistake it for a straight line.

Another way is to determine when  $y$  values are very big, small, positive and negative. In addition to that, one must look for inflexions (where the line gets closer to a particular value but never reaches it), maxima (humps) and minima (troughs). This is done using the process

called differentiation. This is re-arranging the formula in a special way and then finding when the new formula is zero. I will not go into the theory of this method but it takes a long time.

The computer program uses the first method because it is by far the easiest to reduce the process to repeated logical operations. Every point chosen along the  $x$ -axis represents a single point, so 1276 values are chosen. By hand, this would take a long time even with a pocket calculator. The computer however takes only a few seconds to do a matrix depending on the complexity of the formula. The program takes each point, works out the  $y$  value and displays it on the screen as the nearest pixel. Then

with high-resolution graphics, there will be gaps between these points - especially on a steep line - so a straight line is drawn between adjacent points to give the impression of a smooth curve.

The gap between the values put into the equations is calculated when the lines on the screen are plotted, eg. if the  $x$ -axis starts from -8 and ends at 12, then the step between  $x$  values is  $(12-(-8))/1276 = 0.015$ , which is a general formula is  $(X2-X1)/1276$ . The computer can then draw the axes on the screen by calculating where zero would be in each direction. The lines are calculated by marking every unit with a small gap in black. Now the drawing of the graph takes place. For all the  $x$  values, the formula is calculated at line 325 and the answer is scaled and positioned on the axes using the same between the number of pixels and the limits of the axes.

The user can then continue by pressing any key and has the option to draw the graph again with the axes enlarged or reduced.

```

1 REM *****
2 REM *
3 REM * PROGRAM TO DRAW *
4 REM * THE GRAPH OF A *
5 REM * MATHEMATICAL *
6 REM * FUNCTION Y=F(X) *
7 REM *
8 REM *
9 REM *
10 REM *
11 REM *
12 REM *
13 REM *
14 REM *
15 REM *****
16 LET P=0 : LET PP=0 : LET AA=0
17 GOTO 3
22 PRINT TAB(10,50) "GRAPH PLOTTER PROGRAM"
24 PRINT TAB(10,40) "-----"
26 PRINT
28 PRINT
30 PRINT TAB(12,120) "Do you want to see the"
31 PRINT TAB(12,120) "INSTRUCTIONS?"
32 PRINT TAB(12,120) "on how to use this"
33 PRINT " "
34 PRINT:PRINT
35 INPUT "PLEASE ENTER -Y=0 OR -X=0 " : AA
40 IF AA=" " THEN GOTO 36
42 IF LEFT$AA,10="Y" THEN GOTO 2000 : GOTO 40
50 IF LEFT$AA,10="X" THEN GOTO 100
55 GOTO 36
100 INPUT "LOWER LIMIT FOR X=AXIS " : X1
105 INPUT "UPPER LIMIT FOR X=AXIS " : X2
110 IF X1<X2 THEN GOTO 140
120 PRINT " " : GOTO 100
130 GOTO 100
140 IF AA="X" THEN GOTO 200
150 INPUT "LOWER LIMIT FOR Y=AYIS " : Y1
155 INPUT "UPPER LIMIT FOR Y=AYIS " : Y2
160 IF Y1<Y2 THEN GOTO 200
165 PRINT " " : GOTO 100
170 GOTO 100
200 LET AA=(X2-X1)/1276
210 LET AA=(Y2-Y1)/1023
215 GOTO 1000
217 REM *** PLOT LINE - CURSOR OFF ***
220 GOTO 0.1 : GOTO 2300:GOTO 2400
225 FOR X=0.1 TO 0.2 STEP 0.05
230 LET Y=AA*(X-X1)+Y1
235 IF Y0 THEN PRINT TAB(0,100)*Y
240 IF Y0 THEN PRINT TAB(0,100)*Y
245 LET X=X+0.05
250 LET Y=Y+0.05
255 LET Y=Y+0.05
260 IF Y0 THEN PRINT TAB(0,100)*Y
265 LET Y=Y+0.05
270 IF Y0 THEN PRINT TAB(0,100)*Y
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980 IF Y0 THEN PRINT TAB(0,100)*Y
985 LET Y=Y+0.05
990 IF Y0 THEN PRINT TAB(0,100)*Y
995 LET Y=Y+0.05
1000 GOTO 100
1005 IF Y1<Y2 THEN GOTO 1000
1010 GOTO 100
1015 IF Y1<Y2 THEN GOTO 1000
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1035 IF Y1<Y2 THEN GOTO 1000
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1970 GOTO 100
1975 IF Y1<Y2 THEN GOTO 1000
1980 GOTO 100
1985 IF Y1<Y2 THEN GOTO 1000
1990 GOTO 100
1995 IF Y1<Y2 THEN GOTO 1000
2000 GOTO 100

```



# Measure for measure

A self-scaling graph utility for the Commodore 64  
by Peter Graves

For most bargraph plotting programs you need to know the maximum value of the data to be plotted before you start. The scale value can then be set so that all data values can be included on the graph. With *Measure* the scale values are set automatically to suit the data, so numerical data from any source can be used without worrying whether the bar graph will go over the edge of the screen.

The program is designed to be part of more elaborate data gathering programs. Two input channels are available and the raw data is held in an array so that their exact values can be retrieved later (the bar graph is a low resolution device).

When a new value enters an input channel it is added to the old value and the bar for that channel is plotted, unless the new value would take the bar over the edge of the screen. In this case, the scale value is recalculated and the whole graph is replotted. Additionally, the value of each bar (initially, INT values) is printed at the end of each bar for instant comparison. The input data can be positive, negative or zero, negative or zero values are not plotted but they are printed at next to the Y-axis.

The maximum value of any bar is set by the biggest number that can be printed at the end of a bar of maximum length without going over the edge of the screen. This is one of four digits and if any value exceeds 9999 then the graph is cleared and the values of all the channels are printed out. If the part of the program that prints the numbers is removed then the maximum value can be increased. To remove the values printed at the ends of the bars, remove lines 1180, 1140, 1130-1180, 1000-1100 and change 1180 to 1100. For  $S = P + Q$  to 1140 + (34-2).

## Program Notes

The program is structured into self-contained subroutines that are called as required. For demonstration two methods of inputting data are included, selected by a menu.

### Line No.

- 1000-1070 Read menu, get selection, draw graph and convert stored X-axis values, jump to selected input method
- 1100-1130 The subroutine that plots the bars on the graph.
- 1130 If the array value being processed exceeds 9999 then GOEND the End routine (see notes above)
- 1140 If the array value being pro-

cessed exceeds the current highest X-axis value then temporarily move the array subscript and add up the plotting routine

1140 The array value being processed as a string (letters being printed out at the end of the bar)

1180-1190 If the array value is negative no bar is plotted but the value is printed out next to the Y-axis.

1200-1260 Once the current highest X-axis value, scale the array value and plot it by Plotting (increases apparent scale the current bar of the graph).

1300-1360 Print the array value after the bar by Plotting each character along the same line as the bar and fill the rest of the line with spaces to ensure any plotting left over after a reprint

1400-1470 Recalculate the X-axis value in steps of 10 until the X-axis value is higher than the array value being processed. Repeat the whole graph with the revised value by calling up the plot routine

1100-1130

1100-1190

1000-1100

1200-1260

1400-1470

cess for each array value to zero. Convert the X-axis value to strings and Print them, character by character downwards in the current position.

Initial setting up: Draw and label the graph axes, Ask the colour memory which the same with alternate lines of red and yellow from the Y-axis to the screen edge. Set up the initial X-axis value and the array Print the X-axis values

The End routine: Clear the screen and print out the full values of all the array variables if any array value exceeds 9999 (see notes above)

Input Module 4 = manual input. The number of the bar is unchanged is selected followed by the value to be added to it. The appropriate array value is updated and the bar is replotted. The process is repeated.

The data is read from the data blocks in lines 1440 and 1460. The data is held as pairs of numbers in the data, the Number, Date. Each pair is read in turn, the array is updated and the appropriate bar is plotted. When all the data has been read the data pointer is restored and the blocks are read again for as long as required.

```

10 PCH *****
11 PCH 0
12 PCH 1 AUTO BARGRAPH
13 PCH 2
14 PCH 3
15 PCH 4
16 PCH 5 PETER GRAVES
17 PCH 6
18 PCH *****
19 PCH
20 GOTO 1000
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DATA, PUT IN X-AXIS VALUES  
SELECTED INPUT METHOD

FILE



# Making plans . . .

No excuse for missed birthdays now with the *Mini-Planner* from A Seedle

**T**his programme prints a whole year calendar aligned against the days of the week. The dates are held in an array (dat). The zero element of the array holds the element number of the first day of the month. A parallel string array (dat\$) contains of elements which are in the form, "—PWPppp's Birthday".

The maximum length of the string is 17 characters. The first character of the string is a key signifying, say, "Best

due" and which occurs at regular intervals. The next 2 characters are the first two capitals in the remainder of the string, repeated. The programme prints these three characters on the whole-year display. There is the option to print only three months of the year only, in this case the whole string apart from the two initials is printed.

A date file has first to be set up. Use lines 8000 onwards. A sample file is shown in *list 3* to be printed next week.

The date is month, day, information. Write the file and save it as *mydat* as "PWP due" (PWP can be anything and any length).

Lines 100 to 180 check to see if any such date file has already been merged, and if so it is deleted in line 180. The required file is then merged in line 280. Instantly this line will not work if it is in a Procedure or Gornub.

Lines 300 to 580 give the choice of setting up a new calendar or loading one already saved. On the initial run, you must use the New Year option and can later save this array.

We continue next week with the remainder of the listing and program notes.

The screenshot displays the QL Mini-Planner program. The top portion shows a calendar grid for the year 1980, with months and days of the week. The bottom portion shows the source code of the program, which is written in QL (Quattro Pro) syntax. The code includes comments and line numbers, and it appears to be a complete listing of the program.

```

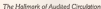
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[illegible]

No guesses, no wishful thinking – the circulation of this magazine is audited to the strict professional standards administered by the Audit Bureau of Circulations

[illegible]

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姓名	性别	出生年月	民族	籍贯	学历	学位	职称	工作单位	研究方向
王德胜	男	1965.03	汉族	山东烟台	硕士		副教授	烟台大学	应用数学
李国强	男	1970.08	汉族	河南郑州	本科		讲师	郑州大学	计算机科学与技术
张明华	女	1975.12	汉族	江苏南京	硕士		副教授	南京理工大学	材料科学与工程
陈伟	男	1978.05	汉族	浙江杭州	本科		讲师	浙江大学	机械工程
刘洋	女	1982.01	汉族	湖北武汉	硕士		副教授	武汉大学	化学工程与技术
赵子龙	男	1985.09	汉族	四川成都	本科		讲师	四川大学	生物医学工程
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孙悦	女	1992.11	汉族	北京北京	硕士		副教授	清华大学	核科学与技术
徐凯	男	1995.04	汉族	湖南长沙	本科		讲师	中南大学	冶金工程
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郭亮	男	2002.10	汉族	山西太原	硕士		副教授	山西大学	物理学
何琳	女	2005.05	汉族	辽宁沈阳	本科		讲师	沈阳理工大学	机械工程
宋杰	男	2007.08	汉族	吉林长春	硕士		副教授	吉林大学	化学工程与技术
李娜	女	2009.12	汉族	河北石家庄	本科		讲师	河北工业大学	材料科学与工程
王磊	男	2011.03	汉族	山东济南	硕士		副教授	山东大学	计算机科学与技术
张华	男	2013.07	汉族	河南郑州	本科		讲师	郑州大学	应用数学
陈伟	男	2015.01	汉族	江苏南京	硕士		副教授	南京理工大学	材料科学与工程
刘洋	女	2017.05	汉族	浙江杭州	本科		讲师	浙江大学	机械工程
赵子龙	男	2019.09	汉族	湖北武汉	硕士		副教授	武汉大学	化学工程与技术
周敏	女	2021.03	汉族	广东广州	本科		讲师	中山大学	生物医学工程
吴昊	男	2023.07	汉族	安徽合肥	硕士		副教授	合肥工业大学	电气工程及其自动化
孙悦	女	2025.11	汉族	北京北京	本科		讲师	清华大学	核科学与技术

Call for full range of 1979 for all home computers incl. IBM  
 Craggs at 77 St. W. Bridge, 48 Grosvenor Ave., Bedford, MK43 7NS  
 01535 511111 1979 for all family car hire. National origins 1980  
 1979 - 1980 for special offers available on Bedford & Craggs, Bedford  
 01535 - 511111 1979 - 1980

[illegible]

## Open Forum

We are always actively seeking programs for publication – either for Open Forum, the monthly page or the Cases. When sending us a program for consideration, a clear program listing should be sent together with, whenever possible, a novel, witty or creative documentation – usually not more than 1000 words – should start with a general description of the program, what it does, and then proceed to how the program itself is constructed. We pay very competitive rates, something to the length and nature of the program and the nature of the documentation documentation.

## Background

and

The program *Recurve* is written for the OL in the form of a procedure that can be

called from within your own program. It takes the QJ's owner command as input (not in the case).

The program produces an attractive display that could be used at the start of year programs.

Lines 15 to 18 drop the latter from the top of the screen and lines 21 to 23 remove the latter one and down.

Two may select any text possible in Lemma 7 and also a required suggestion can be selected by choosing Lemma 8.

```

1 DEFINE PROCEDURE bounce
2 REMARK BY RICHARD SHERGOLD , SELSEY , WEST SUSSEX.
3 PAPER 0
4 INK 7
5 LAS
6 CLOSE
7 A$="Bouncing Letters"
REMARK ENTER YOUR OWN TITLE
8 JUGGLE =0, REMARK ENTER YOUR OWN VALUE
9 GSIZE 3,1
10 REMARK DROP LETTER
11 FOR H = 1 TO 16
12 Z$=R$(H)
13 IF Z$="" THEN NEXT H
14 INK (2*(H-1)/MOD 4)
15 FOR R = 8 TO 45 :RNDM=JUGGLE
16 JUGGLE=STEP 2
17 BEEP 200,30-R
18 CURSOR 16RH+30,R
19 PRINT Z$
20 REMARK BOUNCE LETTER
21 FOR T = 11 TO 1 STEP -2
22 FOR Y = 1 TO T STEP 2
23 CURSOR 16RH+Y,R-Y PRINT Z$
24 PAUSE T/10 NEXT Y
25 FOR Y = T TO 1 STEP -2
26 CURSOR 16RH+Y,R-Y PRINT Z$
27 PAUSE T/10 NEXT Y
28 BEEP 400,T
29 END FOR T
30 END FOR H
31 PAUSE 100
32 END DEFINE bounce

```

Bounce  
by R.Shergold

**Abstract:** The purpose of this study was to determine the effect of a 12-week, low-intensity, supervised walking program on the physical and psychological health of sedentary, middle-aged women. The study was a randomized, controlled trial. The subjects were 40 sedentary, middle-aged women who were randomly assigned to either a walking program or a control group. The walking program consisted of 12 weeks of supervised walking, 3 times per week, for 30 minutes per session. The control group consisted of 20 women who did not participate in the walking program. The physical health of the women was assessed using a variety of measures, including heart rate, blood pressure, and body mass index. The psychological health of the women was assessed using a variety of measures, including mood, self-esteem, and anxiety. The results of the study showed that the walking program had a positive effect on the physical and psychological health of the women. The women in the walking program had lower heart rates, lower blood pressures, and lower body mass indices than the women in the control group. The women in the walking program also had improved mood, self-esteem, and anxiety compared to the women in the control group. The results of this study suggest that a 12-week, low-intensity, supervised walking program can improve the physical and psychological health of sedentary, middle-aged women.

### Arcade Avenue



### Getting the edge

**H**ere's a letter from Einar Tilly of Cambridge who came to the first in South America by Norwegian CruiseLine when he did it back on Oct. 1st, November. He offers this challenge to anyone else playing the game. "First what is the minimum number of different species you need to complete the adventure? Second what is the smallest number of different rooms you can pass through to finish. I can do it in 84 rooms which takes 45 minutes including notes."

Another fast course from John Macdon of Upstreamer, who claims to be the first C++ owner to finish *Snake River*. He gives us some interesting hints about some Extra content known as the *Crusader Crusade Bonus* and The End but refuses to go into details—sorry John, but I don't believe there is any prize offered with the new versions of the game. After all the stress about the *Jet Set Willy* prize I don't know whether Software Projects will go as far as awarding of open-source their award.

I've also come across the first person to have any sort of clue to what is going on with the game. Aspired by The Edge. Over to David Sparrow of Christian Science.

"This weekend game has to be the biggest arcade adventure of all time - I'm running out of paper trying to map the 1000+ rooms. My highest percentage is 43%, but I'm working on it."

"There seems to be eight, nine circuit boards placed one above the other and assuming they are all the same size then each has 180 rooms built one on a square. The bottom board is colored white, the second yellow, the third cyan and the fourth green. If you bump into a green 'CG' gate it will take you to the green board etc. Each board is maintained by different components but get Service and move there are the highest now, not."

"The maximum number of programs cards you can hold is four. This means the player has to use strategy as there are six columns of cards held to deactivate. Once removed the cards will not appear again."

The main objective seems to be to get the "Master key card" to the Emperor Robot's GPU to destroy it. I can't find the GPU yet but the cards have C, B and D on them.

They appear in different places with each game so locating them is tricky to say the least.

Let's finish this week with some short letters - first for Lind Finkley's room at Mill Marcus in Scotland - you 88% is the maximum on *Alce Arce*! And we're more taken in here about the routine from Gary Howland of Boston for *Scotchman* on *Spectrum*. "There loaded type 1, or 2 to (and) for the scores than prove *add-break*. *Pole* 88711.388 *Pole* 88719.388 then *Gov* 2 for *endless* (Dues 7)

**THE** **WORLD**

[illegible]

## Pollen

on Vic20

The short program runs in 2K on the unexpanded Vic20. As Frederick, the allergy sufferer, you must struggle through the dense (I'm a bit thick) pollen

sample to reach the capsule of antihistamine solution located at the bottom of the screen.

Sadly, he has three anti-pollen plasma-balls which he can use to reagent the corresponding pollen. If Frederick runs into some pollen, his altitude level rises and he dies of a many nose. Conversely, the quicker Frederick can

get to the All solution, the happier he will be.

### Program Notes

Lines	1-80	Instructions
Lines	100-140	Setup screen.
Lines	150-200	MOVED
Lines	200-300	Money nose job ???
Line	500	Yes
Line	600	No (Dood)

```

1. POKE256,255 POKE2667,15 G=26676 G=26728 B=
240
10 PRINT"OP G=166666
20 V=0 H=0
30 B=INT(226666/17)+77620
40 H=INT(226666/17)+61640
45 POKE2667,27
50 PRINT"R W=2204 P=0
60 PRINT"AL=304H P=0
70 PRINT"BL=147F P=0
80 PRINT"R SPYCE-PLASMA-BOLTS
90 FORA=0TO2550 NEXTU PRINT"OP
100 POKE2667,30
110 FORB=1TO2550 POKEB,INT(RAND(166255) POKEB+
120 B=INT(1462666/17)+77640
130 POKEB,55 POKEB+0,4
140 NEXTB
150 POKEB,34 POKEB+0,6 NEXTB
160 POKEB,38 POKEB+0,2
170 SPYCE=0 TH=0 G=25 TH=0 B POKEB GOTO250
180 SPYCE=0 TH=0 G=25 TH=0 B POKEB GOTO250
190 SPYCE=0 TH=0 G=25 TH=0 B POKEB GOTO250
200 IFTH=4 TH=0 G=25 TH=0 B POKEB GOTO250
210 IFTH=4 TH=0 G=25 TH=0 B POKEB GOTO250
220 GOTO250
230 H=H+1
240 POKEB=32 POKEB+0,2 G=H+0
250 IFPOKEB=1+INT(RAND(166255) POKEB GOTO250
260 POKEB=12166 NEXTU POKE2667,6 GOTO 550

```

**Pollen**  
by M. Dunn

## Baud Walk



### On approval

One of the most interesting aspects of the public's decrease in the price of modems during the last six months has been the appearance of a device that was hitherto only to be found in the domain of the professional networker - the modem rate modem.

The first modem which achieved public notoriety was Microware Technology's Micro Modem modem, which often virtually every baud rate commercially packed into its tiny little box. Although usually unsupported by PC, it

has since been given the coveted green sticker of approval, and several thousand are now walking freely by the side of many networker's computers.

Many networkers charge extra for the facility of accessing their databases at speeds in excess of the standard 300 baud, so most people tend to use such networks at the slowest speed wherever possible, in order to keep their bills down. What many do not realise is that, while most networkers levy a surcharge of between 30 and 50 per cent for use of 1200 baud access, the data so sent is "pumped through" four times as quickly!

To put it another way: The time you spend on-line, and, therefore, your timecharge, not to mention your phone bill, is considerably reduced.

Let's take The Source, (a well known US Database), as an example.

For a typical 30 minute, cheap rate call via FRS, the charge for 300 baud access

would be as follows:

Telephone Charges	\$
FRS Charges (Time)	0.00
FRS Charges (Data, Fax)	1.75
Source Connect Fee	3.00
	7.85

Yet the same call, if made at 1200 baud, would probably result in an approximate 75% reduction in on-line time, as follows:

Telephone Charges	\$
FRS Charges (Time)	0.00
FRS Charges (Data, Fax)	1.75
Source Connect Fee	3.00
	5.75

It's fairly obvious that there is a considerable saving to be had, despite the surcharges levied by the Source Telecomputing Corporation for high speed access.

Most single speed modems cost around £10 to £15 (New, for ex. extra £50 or so, it is possible to get one of the multiproposed/baud generation of modems). At the time of writing, Baudem have announced the imminent launch of a similar device for around

the £80 mark, although whether this will reflect future prices, remains to be seen. Certainly, the price curve seems on a definite downward trend.

One world of reason though is that unsupported modems, if connected to the public telephone network (they'd make an expensive paperweight otherwise), can at worst, mean possible phone disconnection.

For some networkers I know, that would be unthinkable so it could pay to look for the little green approved sticker.

Robin Wilkinson

Baud Walk is a new weekly column which will be appearing regularly, offering an interesting mix of news, reviews of software and hardware and prices of various PC peripherals.

Any readers with suggestions of interesting items need to send their comments in terms of articles to Robin Wilkinson, Baud Walk (typed), Computing Weekly, 21-21 Lakeside, Weybridge, London TW20 2EX. We will not be responsible for damaged copies of Baud Walk.

# Open Forum

## Guesser

on Dragon

In this game the computer selects an integer from 0 to 9. You input what you think is the integer, and if you're correct,

you're given a score, dependent on the time taken. If you're wrong, the computer selects another number and you must try again. — *Software of the time band.*

### Program Notes

#### Variables

A = Chosen integer  
B = Total score

G = Number of successful games

P = Points

JS = Guessed integer

#### List No

50-100

100-200

200-300

300-400

Set variables

Select integer/input guess

Time up loop

Display for success

```
10 REM*****GUESS*****
20 REMTEST YOUR LUCK
30 REM BY A R WALLIS
40 REM*****GUESS*****
50 B=0:G=0
60 CLS
70 PRINT"TEST YOUR LUCK"
80 TIMER=0:P=0
90 GOTO 1
100 T=0-(TIMER/180)
110 PRINTT;" "
120 PRINTT;" "
130 PRINTT;" "
140 P=P+1
150 P=P+1
160 IF T<1 THEN GOTO 200
TIME UP
170 PRINT P;" "
180 PRINT 22;"USING""""
.T.
190 GOTO 1
200 SOUND K,2
210 FOR N=1 TO 75 NEXT N
220 A=INT(181*1)
230 JS=INTJS
240 IF JS="" THEN GOTO 230
250 IF JS<A THEN GOTO 260
260 IF JS>A THEN GOTO 260
270 IF JS=A THEN GOTO 280
280 GOTO 180
```

```
290 PRINT"TIME UP"
300 SOUND 48,3
310 FOR N=1 TO 500 NEXT
N
320 CLS
330 FOR N=1 TO 500 NEXT
N
340 GOTO 290
350 CLS
355 PRINT 64;"WELL DONE"
.
360 SOUND 288,15
370 PRINT USING"YOUR SCORE IS "" "" "" "
380 JS=1:JS=1:JS=1
390 PRINT USING"YOUR AVERAGE SCORE IS "" "" "" "
400 PRINT"PRESS ANY KEY FOR ANOTHER GAME"
410 GOTO 230
420 JS=INTJS IF JS="" THEN
GOTO 230
430 GOTO 40
```

Guesser  
by A Wallis



## Just one note

A couple of weeks ago, I wrote briefly about digital sound samples (DSS) using the Apple II and Commodore 64. Those of you who want to try your hand at this most exciting technique but don't have the means for a DSS or a Microsound system might be interested in one of the Spectrum-based packages that are around.

I've received information on two DSS systems - one from Datal - for the Spectrum and,

though I can't guarantee the quality of these products since I'm still investigating their potential, they both seem well worth further inquiry.

The point of DSS - as those of you who are regular readers of this column will know - is to digitally encode and store a specific sound which can then be modified and re-played. In this way, one actual sound, given as the 'template' by which to produce a whole range of digital sounds of differing pitches, tempo or duration.

Professional DSS systems are extraordinarily expensive because high-quality analogue-to-digital and digital-to-analogue standards of equipment, instability, cheap systems - whatever the claims of the manufacturers - will not meet professional standards. The question is, are they usable at all?

Datal Electronics of Unit 8, Ferrox Industrial Estate, Denbury Road, Poole, Dorset-Dorset, produces a plug-in DSS device for the Spectrum at £45.95. The Datal DSS is an absolutely basic 8-bit digital-to-analogue and analogue-to-digital converter in a box, together with some essential software.

With this kind of system, the hardware is minimal and software is the most important thing I'll be reporting on my results with the software soon. You can phone Datal on 01202-235615.

The Action Replay from David Electronics, 95 Southport Road, Ormskirk, Lancashire L26 1QR, is priced at £17.75 and again consists of a plug-in unit and essential software.

One point not that an amplifier and a microphone will both be needed to get anything out of these samples. As with the Datal DSS, David's

uses the Spectrum keyboard as a music keyboard to play back the sampled sound. However, a voltage control facility allows you to ping to synthesizers so that sampled sounds become available to them. The specification looks reasonable for a sample, and it's encouraging to note that David makes no outlandish claims for their system. Please turn for further details on 01202-235615.

Gary Bowman

**The Music Box** is a new exciting addition with new, revised and creative sounds on all aspects of music and more.

Any computer system of computers must making an important with new product some are added to make to drop a line explaining what they are doing to Gary Bowman. The Music Box, 12-13 Little Newport Street, London WC2E 8LP.

**48K SINCLAIR ZX SPECTRUM**



**BBC MODEL B 1-2 OS**

**48K SINCLAIR ZX SPECTRUM**



**48K SINCLAIR ZX SPECTRUM**



**COMMODORE 64**



"EIGHTHORN", "UNDERWORLD", "SNAKE WOLF", and "STAFF OF KARNATH" are suggested retail price £14.99 inc. VAT. Available from W.B. SMITH, BARNES, LONDON, 18-19 AM. WITH and all good software retail outlets. Also available from ULTIMATE PLAY THE GAME, The Green, Abbey-de-la-Fouch, Lekestonchire LE17 5JH (UK) are included. Tel: (053) 441670.

# Tony Bridge's Adventure Corner



## Get out of jail free

**I** begin this week with a letter from Germany from Hans Dagewitz. "Dear Tony, as German grammar is a bit difficult, Adventure programs are not very popular in Germany and we don't have any 'Adventure Help' in our computer magazines. No, I would be glad to find other computer enthusiasts in England, who even in Commodore 64, like myself, it is possible to avoid using A-Guide to Playing The Hobbit? Also, what use is the Broken Timber in Dark Island in Lord II, how do I move the Monster?"

Thanks for the letter, Hans. The address of Melbourne House, who publish the book you mention, is 30 Miles Trading Estate, Abingdon, Oxon. OX14 4TD. I'm sure that there are a lot of Commodore users who would be only too glad to write to you with hints on the Zork Trilogy (as far as the Broken Timber goes, I have never found it was for a thief!) Write to Hans at Redwoodmoss 3, 80 Warrburg, West Germany.

From closer to home, Godfrey in Surrey to be exact, Mr A. Hoggart writes:

"On looking at that adventure one, an offer became just a matter of reading the whole dictionary in order to find the right word. Again I have to agree - but this is one of the levels of computer adventuring that will not, I feel, change in the near future."

"For example," he says, "take Ulithi. Ulithi I am unable to find the right combination of words to get out of jail." All that has to be done here is to type 'Walt. Walt. handgrip', of course, then is pretty obvious (after all, what else do you have to do in jail, but maybe it does not seem so obvious in the time! And this is why adventure designers are so popular now, which brings us nicely to Mr Hoggart's final point: "I notice that some weeks you give an arrangement of letters and figures that can be used as clues - but how do I use them?"

Well, I always try to explain this system when I supply it, but to make it clear - you will find a list of words at the end of the Corner, just like the one for that week. When giving out clues to adventures, I refer to these words by the

number assigned to them in the list. In this way players who may not yet have reached that particular point in an adventure will not have their enjoyment spoiled. You may notice, while reading other publications (why are you?) that many codes are used - I think this is probably the easiest and most practical (as well as being easier for me to work out).

Now, enough of me giving Help - here are a couple of lady adventurers and Corner readers who are willing to impart some of their knowledge to others. Eileen Tyson says: "Thanks for printing my letter in Popular and answering my questions. I was amazed at the response I got to my offer of help - the postman actually stopped up my drive with the letter! It's all good fun, and I've made a lot of new friends. I have now finished Lords of Time, Adventure Quest and Incredible Island." Write to Karen at 14 Farns Way, West End, Surrey. Pam Taylor also offers help in Lords of Time, as well as Quest of Adventure and Quest of Death. But she also wants to know how to pass the points in King of Power. Write to her at 187 Uplands Road, West Wootton, Woking, Surrey.

Before I get onto the first Help of 1986, let me just mention a couple of bugs that have been brought to my attention. The first is another in the long and honorable line of Hobbit bugs: it's been noticed by Alan and Daphne Davis, who have picked up quite a few of these. It started with the well-known avoidance of the Black River, but now and on. We then typed "look!" and to our astonishment found ourselves in the Spider's Web. But then - after telling us we were in the Web, the program proceeded to list all the objects present. And it discarded out everything in the same game! All the golden (poor dead), the dead Dragon, the wooden boat, some bread, Grendel, the wood all, all the keys - it went on and on! And here's the mystery: We know everything listed except one "stone stone". Now we've never found "stone stone" anywhere, nor have we found it since the bug manifested itself. Have you? Has anyone?"

On the subject of Hobbitbugs, Jonathan Foster listed that when he pressed "GAME" on a friend's Commodore by mistake, he was greeted by a new creature called a CARRABE (maybe at the same time) as the MAW! - when his next tried typing "WENWENWEN" on his Spectrum (well, send it to his or her email, she was told that "There's black hair the small cat's eye")

Melbourne House have not been writing and where it comes to bugs. Sherlock is a great program, and seems to contain the last share of Sherlockbugs Ray Belling, at Buckden has fixed the first. I was interviewing Daphne Strachan at about 3.30 pm on Monday when the program announced that it was out of memory and went into the Loading rou-

tine. I've heard her saying 'Hello' to Watson on the morning it to be avoided, and this is what I had done that morning. I'm sure that, and others, will find more Sherlockbugs, but despite this, I find Sherlock to be an excellent adventure and a worthy successor to The Hobbit. Can anyone tell me where the keys to Lord Phoggo and Trick's Fender's London houses are? I was told the whereabouts of a secret room, a lake, dinner-bottom and how to open Sam's safe without getting shot. To find the secret room, 22.28.25. To find the lake dinner-bottom, 20.28.18. For a few purposes, 22.28.31, 10.25. If you want to give Ray some information, write to him at 18 Redwood Road, Woking, Surrey.

Kate Newman is stuck in The Shales Lamps, which is for the BBC and part of the Loddington Adventuremaster series. "I have got the key box, and I know that it contains the key, but I can't get at it whatever I do." This is part of another problem, which crops up earlier. Part of it, you read 26.20.24.25, then 22.2.24.26.28.14.3. You must have the key box with you when you do this, and you will find that the key will survive.

Finally, to a couple of old adventures, just in case anyone is a newcomer to adventures, having returned a computer for Christmas. Player of Death, for the ZX81 and Spectrum was one of the very first British programs to tell in any quantity (most quantities I should think) Graham Scott of Newcastle can't get past the Prison Field. I suppose that this is a problem that I will have to answer regularly every three months or so for the next several years, along with 'How do I get out of the Golem's Dungeon?' In particular, Graham is confused at my mention of a Lazer, when I had looked at this problem. First, 24.8.27.22.12.26.18.1.25.18. Then you'll find the Lazer 14.8.

1 WIDE	19 CREWAGE
2 TUESDAY	20 BODY
3 FISH	21 CAMPFIRE
4 THE	22 BALL
5 BEFORE	23 BOOKCASE
6 NOT	24 ONE
7 CLOUD	25 LAKE
8 WAIT	26 HAVE
9 FLOORBOARD	27 FROM
10 MIGHTY	28 BEARING
11 DRIVING	29 BY
12 DANGER	30 ORANGE
13 UNTIL	31 BIRD
14 PILING	32 HORN
15 TO	33 OF
16 TOO	34 WINE
17 LAKE	35 CROSS
18 IN	

This series of articles is designed for novice and experienced Adventurers alike. Each week Tony Bridge will be making a different Adventure in and showing you up some of the problems and pitfalls you can expect to encounter. So if you have an Adventure you wish to review or if you are stuck in an Adventure you cannot progress any further write to Tony Bridge, Adventure Corner, Popular Computing, Pencil 11.2, Little Wymondley, London WC2H 9LQ.

## Peek & Poke



Wrong  
listings

G. Robertson and R. K. R. R.

**Q** I have been trying to run a program from The Explorer's Guide to the EE Spectrum and EEI, but to no avail. I have enclosed a listing of this program. When I sent the same copy of the program to Sinclair Research, they said that there was something wrong with the printer, which was not so.

Their second answer was that I was holding the Enterprise down, too long.

I hope you can help me with this problem, as my guarantee is up next month, so if I know quickly I can return my machine.

**A** The program should be changed so as not to do `INPUT` in Line 20. This will produce the expected result. The correct program is therefore:

```
10 LET A$ = ""
20 INPUT Z$
30 LET A$ = A$ + Z$
40 PRINT A$
50 PAUSE 20
60 IF Z$ = ">" THEN
70 GOTO 30
80 PRINT
90 END
```

## All the Answers

**Download Front of Football**  
 Single version

**Q** Please can you help me? At the moment I have a Dragon 48 computer, I have used this to pass an 'O' level in computer studies and have found it generally very useful. Now that Dragon Data have gone bust I have decided to sell my computer and buy another.

The two companies I have  
highlighted in red are the ones

chair GL and the Executive CPC-44. I have read all the facts about them but I cannot decide. Which should I keep?

**A**s you say that you have read all the literature on the two machines I will not repeat any of the technical analyses in your position I would be quite tempted to go for the Amstrad - but that is very much an individual

My reason is because that is a complete system (ie, complete with monitor and system player). Whilst the Amstrad is not as fast a machine as the QL, the difference in speed is not likely to be noticeable to the user.

I guess from your comments that you are not really interested in a long-term system with massive expansion potential that will last you into the next decade (most computers only have a realistic life-span of five years in my own, before they are made obsolete by new entries into the market).

There is no question that the QJ is the more technically superior of the two machines - but it may have been launched a bit ahead of its time.

Company  
Address

**J. Macdonald and P. H. Jones** *British Antarctic Survey, High Cross, Madingley Road, Cambridge CB3 0ET, UK*

**Q** Further to your page in Vol 3 No 38, B. C. Jones MFG Co (A long search): I can inform you that I have a stock of software and MFG-II computers. I have a large number of software titles available at a cost of £1.50 each.

I also will peripherals for the HPF-II, such as joysticks, keyboards and telephones. My company's name is Silver Fox.

**A**ll it is always nice to be able to report a successful experience to a network for information on behalf of a reader. It is also nice when companies come forward and inform you of the services that they offer.

I am always glad to be able to pass this information on to our readers.

### Simple addition

© Minerals of Lancaster, 2010  
v1.0 version

**Q** I have come to the conclusion both my Commodore 64 and VIC 20 cannot cope with simple addition or subtraction.

[illegible]

These errors can be corrected by rounding the results to two decimal places:  
 $\text{Exp}(B) = \text{Exp}(2/0.01) = 0.07$   
 $0.01$

And, why the worry in the first place.

**A** The error you have observed is caused by the method used in the Commodore machines for the arithmetic instructions. As you know computers actually do their arithmetic. The code to actually achieve truly accurate fractional calculations depends upon the use of, so called, "floating point" techniques. The Commodore machines do not actually use these techniques correctly, and hence the slight errors in all fractional calculations. It is interesting to note that a number of other machines, including the Spectrum and the BBC 'M', use the floating point method correctly.

## Talking Curren

## Testing of Computer

**Q** I recently purchased a Canon Microspeech unit for my Spectra. However, most programs do not work with the unit connected, and I feel that it cannot

be beneficial in the expansion part to repeatedly remove and retest the unit. Therefore some Folio or a short notice to disable the unit whilst still having it connected would be highly desirable. Can you help?

**A** Unfortunately, I do not know of any way of disabling the Monospace test. It is possible that one of the readers of PCW will know of a method, so I leave a plea . . . can anyone stop the Clavish from infirm?

Which  
printer

Colin Johnson of *Mad Magazine* described *Clayton Kopp* as "a real-life *Mad* magazine." *Clayton Kopp* was the

**Q** I own a Spectrum—and I would like advice on which printer I should buy. The printer should of course do dotgrips, as well as screen dumps, and some word processing. It should also cheaply interface with the Spectrum. I have noticed two thermal transfer printers, the Epson P40 and the Brother QL-6, the latter being a bit expensive. My printer must be A200 and I want to be able to use normal paper and possibly 8K barcodes.

**A**ll thermal printers have to use heat-sensitive paper, and therefore by definition cannot use normal paper.

The two premises you mention are both extremely good value for money bargains, and I would recommend either of them to you. The Express as you say is the cheaper of the two, but it none the worse for that. My personal preference, however, would be for the *Brother*, which at £150 is slightly above your limit.

Go on... be a devil,  
spend a little more than your  
if may be the only printer you  
will ever buy (just in case  
any of yours are wondering, I  
do not have any shares in  
Barber, only 87%)

Is there anything about your computer you don't understand, and which everyone else seems to take for granted? Whatever your problem, Post #1 in Poll Rogers and every week he will Post back on many answers as he can. The address is Post #1, P.O. Box 10-10, Little Mountain, British Columbia, V2C 2B8, Canada.





**Abstract**







the crystals of Volcan? Is there anything down the well? Do you need to get into the volcano? Dominic Price, 38 Redgore Court, Ecclestone, Gt. (Tel. Ecclestone 555555).

**The Ha-Wag on Spectrum.** Any help anyone can give me I've wandered around the landscape and been jumped on by a monkey to get home P McLean, 148 Mossburn Road, South Shields, Tyne and Wear.

**Celtica on Spectrum.** I'm stuck because I cannot find the sharp knife? What knife? I presume that is what the sharpening stone is for. Can anyone help? Michael Shaw, 31 Brown Mead, Buntingford, Cam.

**Quest for the Baby Grail on Spectrum.** I cannot get past the knight that goes 54 (aka Berna, 3 Cobble Cottage, Red Horse Lane, Dunsbury or Warrington).

**Franklin's Tomb on Gole L.** What is the magic word that opens the treasure room gem? Unfortunately, this is not my only problem with the adventure. D Gomez, 55 Derrygarragh Street, Carrington, Merseyside.

**Sharkall on Commodore 64.** How do I get the key-pick from the video viewer? L J Woodford, 16 Wallingford Terrace, Portlough, Great Britain.

**Urban Spirit on Commodore 64.** How do I stop walking on the building site? Where is the airport? Karl Marsh, 30 Cockayne Road, Danden, Stoke-on-Trent.

**Midway and the Minotaur on Dragon.** How do I find the room, go to forest, get lightning, get sword, and learn spells? Mark Gaskley, 157 Fawcodd Park, 3 Cove, Farnborough, Hants.

**Volkanis on Spectrum.** After getting Dragoon I can make no progress towards Skarok. Barry Hodge, 1 Melville Road, Mill Park, Port Elizabeth, South Africa.

**Volkanis on Spectrum.** I have not found Otter yet, and I have had the program for six months. Help please? Stuart Jones, 33 Dimes Drive, Wyl, Clevedon, Notts.

**Sharkall on Spectrum.** How do I prove Basil Plague did the double murder? How do I prove the Mags innocent? Andrew Legg, 13 Fendall Drive, Great Miling, Northampton.

Event	Date	Event	Address	Organiser
8th Technology and Computers Trade Fair 85 at National Exhibition	10-11 March 1985 10-11 March 1985 10-11 March 1985 10-11 March 1985	Software London 85	Free to software firms organisers	Computing Magazine 1-24-85
Software and Video Computer Show	10-11 March 1985 10-11 March 1985	Engineering Trade Fair 85	Free to software firms organisers	Software 1-24-85
8th Microshow	10-11 March 1985 10-11 March 1985	Microshow London 85	Free to software firms organisers	Software 1-24-85
The 1985 International Music Show	10-11 March 1985 10-11 March 1985	Computer 1985	Free to software firms organisers	Software 1-24-85

## Readers' Chart No 7

- (1) Knight Lore (Spectrum)
  - (2) Daley Thomson's Decathlon (Spectrum/C64)
  - (3) Ghostbusters (Spectrum/C64)
  - (4) Underwurde (Spectrum/C64)
  - (5) Elite (BBC/Electra)
  - (6) Booty (Spectrum/C64)
  - (7) Beachhead (C64)
  - (8) Pyramania (Spectrum/C64/Amstrad)
  - (9) Magic Mirror (Spectrum/C64/Amstrad/Dragon/MSX)
  - (10) Staff of Karnath (C64)
- Ultimate Ocean  
Activision  
Ultimate  
Accurate  
Firebird  
ES Gold  
Mikro-Gen  
Software Projects  
Ultimate

## Now voting on week 9

An apology: we have been unable to continue with our weekly chart prize fund. We have been advised that it contravenes the Lotteries and Amusements Act. However, we will continue to accept your votes and run the chart.

Each week Popular is compiling its own special software top ten chart - compiled by YOU.

All you have to do to vote is to fill in the form below with the names of your current three favourite software titles (or copy the form on to another sheet if you don't want to damage your magazine) and send it off as soon as possible to: Top 10, Popular Computing Weekly, 12-13 Little Newport Street, London WC2H 7TP.

Voting for Week 9 closes at 5pm on Wednesday January 12 1985. Entries received after that time will not be eligible for inclusion in that week's voting. The judges' decision is final. Only one entry per individual per week will be allowed.

Name .....	My top 3 Voting Week 9
Address .....	1 .....
.....	2 .....
.....	3 .....

# New Releases

## WATCHING

I think the *Amstrad* is going to make it, you know. I say that without reference to the virtues of the machine (of which there are many) but on the evidence of the fact that *Amstrad*, quite apart from the various other virtues of independent suppliers is steadily and regularly releasing software for the machine.

A couple more programs have just turned up, *Centre Court* and *Detective*, the latter originally by Acorn Press Software. *Detective* caught my eye as being, apparently, a bit different from the norm. "A game of deduction and tactics" it says on the box. It is a game for several players and involves, here and there, players being honest enough to turn their face from the screen and not looking at certain information which is only provided to each player individually - this is usually asking for trouble.

The idea is that each player assumes a different character and by searching a massive mast database the identity of the murderer (who has done it in the end) is found. The computer shows you a map of the house and throws the dice for you. The answer is found by being

how many wrong - the competitive edge comes from trying to get to the right location and reasoning it out quickly. The graphics are OK and the game works reasonably well.

I don't feel into thinking it is some sort of adventure though.

### Programs Detective

Price £7.95

Micro Amstrad

Supplier Amstrad

Reviewed House

Not Kings Road

Reviewed

Street CM1 4EP

## HARD NOSED

*Amstrad* software is, I suspect, one of those small software houses made up of enthusiasts rather than hard nosed capitalists (sorry if that is entirely incorrect, *Amstrad* is the first game (to my knowledge) to be the BBC and called *Nightmare Hall*. Although basically a first adventure it has various elements of *Dungeons and Dragons* to make the game that bit different.

*Nightmare Hall* is one of those Hammer Horror type places where all have met with death by unnatural means and evil forces. There are absolutely loads of traps for the unwary as well as a maze or two for you to wander about in aimlessly.

The BBC is not over supplied with adventures so this is a particularly welcome program. Well worth a look.

### Program Nightmare Hall

Price £7.95

Micro BBC

Supplier Amstrad Software

Reviewed

Not Kings Road

Reviewed

Street CM1 4EP

## MORE ROM

For some people more, BBC Basic is not perfect. Such customers will much approve of the Basic cartridge *Box* available from Micro Power. The *Box* permanently adds a number of new commands both to Basic and to the general machine vocabulary of direct commands - the latter are mostly designed to save you and get you out of tricky



### programming situation

Additions to Basic include *While*, *End While*, *Case*, *When*, *Chances*, *End Case*, *Loop*, etc, etc - all adding to structured programming which is to programmers in Basic what BBC English is supposed to be to the rest of us.

Direct commands include *Clear* which removes a program around, *Clear* and *Free* to do binary/hexadecimal conversion, *Search* for the amount of memory you have left and so on. Vandy for saved programs may be a particularly welcome addition.

A manual explains and illustrates the use of each new command and a small card briefly summarizes the syntax for quick reference.

### Program Basic Extensions

Price £19.95

Micro BBC

Supplier Micro Power

Reviewed House

Not Kings Road

Reviewed

Street CM1 4EP

## YOYO

The big problem with straight flight simulation programs is the fact that if they are any good they will be extremely difficult to master, but at the same time successful in the ordinary arcade sense. *Nike* is one program in which simulation skills are paramount but which also has other features to make your interest here sometimes less successful - the classic *Fighter Pilot* on the Spectrum is a case in point.

*F 15 Strike Eagle* requires you not only to fly a jet fighter with (as an option) two joysticks (you can also use one

joystick and keyboard), but engage in air-to-air battles, maintain an targets and defend yourself from a vast number of missiles. The system is intended to be as realistic as possible, eg, different kinds of attack require different kinds of responses and manoeuvres in order to win.

There are two sections to mastering the game. First, there is the try to make easy question of learning how to fly the plane properly - climbing, rolling, general manoeuvring and then there is a whole new range of skills to do with combat and defence to be learned - do you know what a high speed pass is?

Then there are the various different weapons - there are six weapons available over areas like Libya, Egypt, and Iraq each needing different skills and posing different hazards. All in all enough to keep you going for months on end.

The *Box* describes the graphics as 'superb' and 'thrusts excitement'. I think that's overstating the case a



bit, the *Box* is reasonable and the graphics show average but that's not a game I'd buy for those reasons. Rather than look like being one of the most wide ranging, detailed and exact simulations you can buy.

In such a really an excellent effort.

### Program F 15 Strike Eagle

Price £24.95

Micro Commodore 64

Supplier OS Gold

Not Kings Road

Reviewed

Not Kings Road

Reviewed

Street CM1 4EP



in the correct location and entering the correct figures for weapons, grenades and mines.

Actually, appearances being deceptive, this is really a swaggy-up version of *Mastermind* (rather than *Cluedo*) where you seek a series of colour patterns. As in that game for each guess you are told by the computer how many guesses are right and

# New Releases

## NO CATCH

The *Lord's Cricket*, from Pedestal for the Commodore 64, is a cross between a simulation and arcade game with many of the virtues of the venerable classic *Football Manager*. While the programming is only OK, the design and play of the game makes it tremendously addictive and makes any doubts about some of the graphics vanish.



The game simulates a 20-over match and you can play against either a fellow competitor at the computer. Somewhat like the system in dungeon games, you get 50 points for batting and 20 points for bowling to share out, saving your own team, and allowing skills amongst the players, to give you the technically best team. You also choose the style of playing 'F' for fast bowler 'B' for slow and select a wicket keeper and batsman.

Factors like the dampness of the weather and hence the water will affect the choice of bowler as if so on, to a certain extent, the chance of rain has an effect on the outcome

of the game. Jeppich is used for bowling and batting. In bowling, the joystick first controls speed, then spin, moving from one to the other while the bowler realises the sense. In batting you control the position of the batman and the length of the bat. When the ball has been hit (or missed) the screen display switches to an aerial view of the action as the batsman try to get it and now the joystick lets you make runs - if any.

You can even set up the position of your batsmen and, of course, move them when fielding for a match. It's a game that better most experienced play with a real sense of realism. The graphics are adequate and so more but you'll find such considerations quickly become irrelevant as you play the game.

**Program:** *Lord's Cricket*  
**Price:** £2.99  
**Micro:** Commodore 64  
**Supplier:** Pedestal  
48 Queens Street  
Balderton  
Norwich  
Norfolk NR10 3JN

## ZONE CLONE

More American software made available in this country by US Gold. This time it's something called *Star 7* from The Omega People. The book describes the usual 'last defender against the zone hordes' type plot. This time you are armed (only) with the X-ray experimental associated with which is transported to seven different places, there to battle using only its armory and an invulnerable shield type thing.

Now all this might lead you to believe that this is not what

it is but in, for what we have here is yet another version of *Antares* complete with 3D line graphics and strange alien landscapes.

In its favour, *Star 7* is probably the most sophisticated version of *Antares* available on the Commodore and includes features like a room into which you pass into the far distance, various sorts of weapons and even a self-destruct mechanism presumably so that you can do it to yourself before they do it to you.

The game plays fairly well, looks OK and should do well, but I hope *Antares* I find out.

**Program:** *Star 7*  
**Price:** £2.99  
**Micro:** Commodore 64  
**Supplier:** US Gold  
Box 15  
The Parkway Industrial Centre  
Hempstead Street  
Astonham BT 4 7Y

## HORRORS

There isn't a lot of software about for the C16, not surprising really, perhaps, given the short amount of time it's been available. But still... it amazes you think.

Anyway Melbourne House have leached on to the C16 world this 'horror of horrors' a gamepack. Actually it's more than that, there are two of them.

Now Gamepacks are usually a classic case of more equals less. Unsurprising parties desperate for games buy the things thinking that 20 games for £1 is great value without realising just how bad some games can be. Yet in all it is 20 games, most of which are never played more



than once. Gamepack comes about cheaper computer buffs in the same way that painful operations kill the lives of hypochondriacs.

Anyway, what Melbourne's offerings, all of which are at least test games of one sort or another. Thankfully there has been some attempt to provide stuff that isn't going to suffer from being brief, simple and written wholly in basic. So what you get are a lot of puzzles, logical questions, simple strategy games and the like. You also get *Antares* and *Star 7* but, what the heck, someone likes them.

There is nothing in either of the packs that is going to keep you glued to your computer but mostly it's OK. Some of the programs bear a few regrets but nothing is above the level of what you might find featured in a 'review' game in this and other magazines.

**Program:** *C16 Games Pack 1 and 2*  
**Price:** £2.99 (each)  
**Micro:** Commodore 16  
**Supplier:** Melbourne House  
Circle House  
Gordon Yare  
Rushdown  
TW20 8TP

# This Week

Program	Type	Micro	Price	Supplier	Micro	Price	Supplier
<i>Centre Court</i>	S	Amstrad	£2.99	Amsoft			
<i>Defensive</i>	S	Amstrad	£2.99	Amsoft			
<i>Survivor</i>	S	Amstrad	£2.99	Amsoft			
<i>Identify Europe</i>	Art	Amstrad	£2.99	Kodansha			
<i>Titan</i>	US	Amstrad	£2.99	Tonyhouse & Sons			
<i>C16 Games Pack 1</i>	Art	C16	£2.99	Melbourne House			
<i>C16 Games Pack 2</i>	Art	C16	£2.99	Melbourne House			
<i>1001</i>	Art	Commodore 64	£1.99	Intergraph			
<i>Golden Quest</i>	Art	Commodore 64	£14.99	US Gold			
<i>Front Line</i>	Art	Commodore 64	£1.99	Intergraph			
<i>Volleyball 12</i>	Art	Commodore 64	£2.99	Pharos Software			
<i>Ripper War</i>	Art	Commodore 64	£2.99	PMS			
<i>Steel the Rapids</i>	Art	Commodore 64	£2.99	Amsoft			
<i>Star 7</i>	Art	Commodore 64	£2.99	US Gold			
<i>The Lord's Cricket</i>	S	Commodore 64	£2.99	Pedestal			
<i>Witch Mirror</i>	Art	Commodore 64	£2.99	Amsoft			
<i>Planet 13</i>	Art	MSX	£2.99	Kodansha			
<i>Star Trek</i>	Art	MSX	£2.99	Kodansha			
<i>Pete &amp; Barry</i>	Art	Spectrum	£2.99	Amsoft			
<i>Phantom Knights</i>	Art	Spectrum	£2.99	Amsoft			
<i>Alas</i>	S	Spectrum	£2.99	Amsoft			
<i>Shogun Warriors</i>	Art	Spectrum	£2.99	Amsoft			
<i>Viking</i>	Art	MSX	£2.99	Kodansha			



100

DON'T  
SHOOT

Shoot the Paper in the lower Commodore 64 game from New Generation software, a company best known for Spectrum titles like Thrash with Traxman and 3D Maze. I had the immediate wrong



lovingly treated around something not yet covered anywhere else in the industry, or even on

You might think that the sport is a pretty unlikely candidate for a computer game but actually it works very well. You simulate paddling your canoe down a river.

for left, right and vital fire rapids, backwards. The sweeping motion requires some skill to master - the keels are very responsive and a very even left-right tap is necessary for speed.

There are various kinds of challenges – slides against the clock as you trail and run to get through the water quest, obstacles like islands, rocks, a speedboat and from time to time, a boar! which gets in the way. It's amazingly addictive and graphically excellent – the canoe is a large sprite and although everything is viewed from above there is a real sense of 3D to the landscape of bushes and mountains.

One point, though, don't let put off by the cover which is totally dull - I don't think photographs are generally a good idea.

**Program:** *Shout the Rapids*  
**Price:** \$7.95  
**Music:** Commodore  
**Supplier:** New Generation  
The Rocklands  
15 Josephson  
Escondido Vale  
Box 842 AND

ditional breakpoints at relative branches, you can use **CHRM** commands within a and it displays how memory locations which are un-



as you toggle step through. Finally, for those who understand all the stuff, you can disassemble, it has a set of arithmetic operators, hexadecimal conversion ASCII dump, and hex dump and a well, guess the list goes on. Something similar is planned for the Spectrum.

**Program** Time  
**Price** £10  
**Where** BBC  
**Happies** Tomorrow's Dream  
Software  
Richmond House  
18 Spynemore Road  
Barnet, Herts EN4 8HT

maneuver of the bike controls. There is not only the paddle which operates in reverse (shown) – each rotation getting easier as you pick up speed. Handlebars are not only for left and right but also for each barrel of shifty arguments as shown.

There are alternate races, straight races, wheeler races, jumps both long and high, heavy traps, some mile, some in companies and, like Trade and Field, you get a scrolling landscape.

It's probably a fairly sophisticated simulation but I'm almost at a loss now.



Program	Nylon 66
Price	\$1.50
Micro	Commodore 64
Supplier	MS 455 Honey Street St. Country 028 0702

## CONCLUSION

**Thomson's Dream Software** is a new software house producing programs for the BBC and the Spectrum. Its inaugural release is a utility for the BBC called *Time* which is described in a 'Debugging Monitor Online'.

1998, 1999, 2000, 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004, 2005, 2006, 2007, 2008, 2009, 2010, 2011, 2012, 2013, 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020, 2021, 2022, 2023, 2024, 2025, 2026, 2027, 2028, 2029, 2030, 2031, 2032, 2033, 2034, 2035, 2036, 2037, 2038, 2039, 2040, 2041, 2042, 2043, 2044, 2045, 2046, 2047, 2048, 2049, 2050, 2051, 2052, 2053, 2054, 2055, 2056, 2057, 2058, 2059, 2060, 2061, 2062, 2063, 2064, 2065, 2066, 2067, 2068, 2069, 2070, 2071, 2072, 2073, 2074, 2075, 2076, 2077, 2078, 2079, 2080, 2081, 2082, 2083, 2084, 2085, 2086, 2087, 2088, 2089, 2090, 2091, 2092, 2093, 2094, 2095, 2096, 2097, 2098, 2099, 2100, 2101, 2102, 2103, 2104, 2105, 2106, 2107, 2108, 2109, 2110, 2111, 2112, 2113, 2114, 2115, 2116, 2117, 2118, 2119, 2120, 2121, 2122, 2123, 2124, 2125, 2126, 2127, 2128, 2129, 2130, 2131, 2132, 2133, 2134, 2135, 2136, 2137, 2138, 2139, 2140, 2141, 2142, 2143, 2144, 2145, 2146, 2147, 2148, 2149, 2150, 2151, 2152, 2153, 2154, 2155, 2156, 2157, 2158, 2159, 2160, 2161, 2162, 2163, 2164, 2165, 2166, 2167, 2168, 2169, 2170, 2171, 2172, 2173, 2174, 2175, 2176, 2177, 2178, 2179, 2180, 2181, 2182, 2183, 2184, 2185, 2186, 2187, 2188, 2189, 2190, 2191, 2192, 2193, 2194, 2195, 2196, 2197, 2198, 2199, 2200, 2201, 2202, 2203, 2204, 2205, 2206, 2207, 2208, 2209, 2210, 2211, 2212, 2213, 2214, 2215, 2216, 2217, 2218, 2219, 2220, 2221, 2222, 2223, 2224, 2225, 2226, 2227, 2228, 2229, 2230, 2231, 2232, 2233, 2234, 2235, 2236, 2237, 2238, 2239, 2240, 2241, 2242, 2243, 2244, 2245, 2246, 2247, 2248, 2249, 2250, 2251, 2252, 2253, 2254, 2255, 2256, 2257, 2258, 2259, 2260, 2261, 2262, 2263, 2264, 2265, 2266, 2267, 2268, 2269, 2270, 2271, 2272, 2273, 2274, 2275, 2276, 2277, 2278, 2279, 2280, 2281, 2282, 2283, 2284, 2285, 2286, 2287, 2288, 2289, 2290, 2291, 2292, 2293, 2294, 2295, 2296, 2297, 2298, 2299, 2300, 2301, 2302, 2303, 2304, 2305, 2306, 2307, 2308, 2309, 2310, 2311, 2312, 2313, 2314, 2315, 2316, 2317, 2318, 2319, 2320, 2321, 2322, 2323, 2324, 2325, 2326, 2327, 2328, 2329, 2330, 2331, 2332, 2333, 2334, 2335, 2336, 2337, 2338, 2339, 2340, 2341, 2342, 2343, 2344, 2345, 2346, 2347, 2348, 2349, 2350, 2351, 2352, 2353, 2354, 2355, 2356, 2357, 2358, 2359, 2360, 2361, 2362, 2363, 2364, 2365, 2366, 2367, 2368, 2369, 2370, 2371, 2372, 2373, 2374, 2375, 2376, 2377, 2378, 2379, 2380, 2381, 2382, 2383, 2384, 2385, 2386, 2387, 2388, 2389, 2390, 2391, 2392, 2393, 2394, 2395, 2396, 2397, 2398, 2399, 2400, 2401, 2402, 2403, 2404, 2405, 2406, 2407, 2408, 2409, 2410, 2411, 2412, 2413, 2414, 2415, 2416, 2417, 2418, 2419, 2420, 2421, 2422, 2423, 2424, 2425, 2426, 2427, 2428, 2429, 2430, 2431, 2432, 2433, 2434, 2435, 2436, 2437, 2438, 2439, 2440, 2441, 2442, 2443, 2444, 2445, 2446, 2447, 2448, 2449, 2450, 2451, 2452, 2453, 2454, 2455, 2456, 2457, 2458, 2459, 2460, 2461, 2462, 2463, 2464, 2465, 2466, 2467, 2468, 2469, 2470, 2471, 2472, 2473, 2474, 2475, 2476, 2477, 2478, 2479, 2480, 2481, 2482, 2483, 2484, 2485, 2486, 2487, 2488, 2489, 2490, 2491, 2492, 2493, 2494, 2495, 2496, 2497, 2498, 2499, 2500, 2501, 2502, 2503, 2504, 2505, 2506, 2507, 2508, 2509, 2510, 2511, 2512, 2513, 2514, 2515, 2516, 2517, 2518, 2519, 2520, 2521, 2522, 2523, 2524, 2525, 2526, 2527, 2528, 2529, 2530, 2531, 2532, 2533, 2534, 2535, 2536, 2537, 2538, 2539, 2540, 2541, 2542, 2543, 2544, 2545, 2546, 2547, 2548, 2549, 2550, 2551, 2552, 2553, 2554, 2555, 2556, 2557, 2558, 2559, 2560, 2561, 2562, 2563, 2564, 2565, 2566, 2567, 2568, 2569, 2570, 2571, 2572, 2573, 2574, 2575, 2576, 2577, 2578, 2579, 2580, 2581, 2582, 2583, 2584, 2585, 2586, 2587, 2588, 2589, 2590, 2591, 2592, 2593, 2594, 2595, 2596, 2597, 2598, 2599, 2600, 2601, 2602, 2603, 2604, 2605, 2606, 2607, 2608, 2609, 2610, 2611, 2612, 2613, 2614, 2615, 2616, 2617, 2618, 2619, 2620, 2621, 2622, 2623, 2624, 2625, 2626, 2627, 2628, 2629, 2630, 2631, 2632, 2633, 2634, 2635, 2636, 2637, 2638, 2639, 2640, 2641, 2642, 2643, 2644, 2645, 2646, 2647, 2648, 2649, 2650, 2651, 2652, 2653, 2654, 2655, 2656, 2657, 2658, 2659, 2660, 2661, 2662, 2663, 2664, 2665, 2666, 2667, 2668, 2669, 2670, 2671, 2672, 2673, 2674, 2675, 2676, 2677, 2678, 2679, 26

difficult to explain than simply to understand what it will do. You can stop simply through Ram, Rom and graphics consoles, there is an intelligent mediated string search engine, a timer, facilities for development in Rom and Ram, an intelligent memory refresh and you can relocate the whole thing in memory.

[View all posts by](#) [David J. Reardon](#)

## INDEX 13

Hyper Saber is one of those software packages that will mean a lot to you if the basic idea of controlling a laser and jumping over things appeals to you and nothing at all if it doesn't.

There are various kinds of bicycling challenges and the answer to all of them comes in

**Keywords:** *gender inequality, gender discrimination, gender equity, gender equality, gender justice, gender equity, gender equality, gender justice*

New Release is designed to let people know what authors is coming to the market. If you have a new piece of writing which you are about to release send a copy and accompanying details to New Release Regular. (Competing Weekly 12-13 LIRA Newspaper) 3000 London Bridge Rd.

## This Week

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 558 5850

This Week is a new section that contains all the new software coming out in the home office market each week. All suppliers should send details of their new programs in This Week. Popular Computing should be: 38-354 10th Midwest Street, London, W20 2LJ.



## The right stuff

**W**e are moving out of an age, when the dominant methods of communication requires the objective and logical approach of science.

The progress of science has long since moved beyond the point where all people can grasp it rationally, and what is happening instead is the creation of a suspended world based on a mixture of right and scientific truth. Different. That this is the case is self-evident and better than in the computer field.

At one point a new scientific truth could reach the whole civilized world.

This is not the case today. Science, I believe, appears only to those with a rightly logical disposition. It is not in psychological terms, science only affects the left and not the right hemisphere of the brain. The brain is divided into two sides with the left being the center of logical thought. Thought takes place on a rational, linear fashion, and another place that this is where the speech and writing centers are located. The right hemisphere, on the other hand, is the creative and intuitive side of the brain. Any aspect of thought that involves using your imagination will involve your right hemisphere.

Increasingly, scientific progress seems to appear only in the rational mind and the large pattern understanding of the right side of the brain. The result of this is an increasingly confusing world. However, it is a world where those with an ability of imagination are able to take advantage of others ignorance. This ignorance is easier to find in males, more being able to bring other human beings into the world engages your right hemisphere com-

pletely something denied men. That it is that the human computer world remains a left brain, male-dominated one. There are few people for the male that engages the right hemisphere, but the intuitive side of the brain is vital if the human animal is to survive.

Most of the people involved in computers are left-hemispheric dominated, and seeking to learn to use their right hemisphere more. The code that programmers write with is the ultimate left-hemispheric logic - an approximately mathematical left difference and numbers. Yet this code denies the right hemisphere to make any sense. Thus programmers often abuse the various right-hemisphere possibilities associated with the code.

Most computer writers are on the forefront of a revolution in the sense the hemisphere given side is a world dominated by one hemisphere or way of thought. People are gradually starting to recognize this and the given journey from the left to the right hemisphere has begun. What will inevitably happen is that those with a creative bent will emerge as leaders of a kind vastly different from our current ones.

Five public figures openly use their right hemisphere, but those that do so eventually become very successful. Anyone reading the Clive Sinclair's rights on the coming distribution of science, once readers will recognize the right hemisphere at play. The time of a Golden Age of literature, poetry and scientific advances that free people from slavery is an attractive one, but it is simply a thought.

When presented the Clive reason be specific about the type of world which might emerge and in which a future. He can't, because it is the result of logical thought. It is an appeal to the right hemisphere from a man who appears to be very left hemisphere oriented. A man who would have gone to university, but that doesn't matter. It is more than a very good sales pitch from the weak and powerless. It is to illustrate that our current scientific side will not - repeat - survive.

Our future appears unknowned, when this is my day we will perhaps swing low right hemisphere leading with a vengeance. Based on the experience of history for so long in that event, we will become close to the Mosaic mind, when we discover the total history that we haven't quite let (between the current status). There more in touch with the gods (our point right hemisphere spirit) will perhaps emerge at the new leaders.

Mike Stalton

## Mis-deal

Puzzle No 141

Sam was experimenting with a standard pack of playing cards when he found something rather curious. By dealing out the cards a number of times, without shuffling them between deals, he noticed that the cards were more equal in their original order.

What he did was to deal four hands of 10 cards from left to right dealing as you would normally when playing cards. The pack was then reassembled by stacking the piles in order, pile 1 (the left hand pile) ending up on top, and pile 4 (the right hand pile) on the bottom. The procedure was then repeated without shuffling.

How many operations are required before the cards are more equal in their original order? At least what would be the minimum? In 10, how many deals are needed?

Solution to Puzzle No 138

The book's combination is 794, and Scary's age is 54. We used to test all three-digit numbers to determine which are exactly 41 visible by the sum of their digits. The program counts the number of times each integer (small enough and prime not say that have a value of 4. The only values with the number 44.

If the program is modified to print out these individual values, it can be seen that 440, 540, 640, 744, 744 and 840 all result in 44 when divided by the sum of their digits. But as the correct combination can be determined knowing the sum digit - only 844 works. 4 would a unique answer be possible.  
34 (Sum 2) 130 24 (Sum 7) 150 to 169 34 (Sum 10) 250 44 (Sum 13) 260 (Sum 16) 270 (Sum 19) 280 (Sum 22) 290 (Sum 25) 300 (Sum 28) 310 (Sum 31) 320 (Sum 34) 330 (Sum 37) 340 (Sum 40) 350 (Sum 43) 360 (Sum 46) 370 (Sum 49) 380 (Sum 52) 390 (Sum 55) 400 (Sum 58) 410 (Sum 61) 420 (Sum 64) 430 (Sum 67) 440 (Sum 70) 450 (Sum 73) 460 (Sum 76) 470 (Sum 79) 480 (Sum 82) 490 (Sum 85) 500 (Sum 88) 510 (Sum 91) 520 (Sum 94) 530 (Sum 97) 540 (Sum 100) 550 (Sum 103) 560 (Sum 106) 570 (Sum 109) 580 (Sum 112) 590 (Sum 115) 600 (Sum 118) 610 (Sum 121) 620 (Sum 124) 630 (Sum 127) 640 (Sum 130) 650 (Sum 133) 660 (Sum 136) 670 (Sum 139) 680 (Sum 142) 690 (Sum 145) 700 (Sum 148) 710 (Sum 151) 720 (Sum 154) 730 (Sum 157) 740 (Sum 160) 750 (Sum 163) 760 (Sum 166) 770 (Sum 169) 780 (Sum 172) 790 (Sum 175) 800 (Sum 178) 810 (Sum 181) 820 (Sum 184) 830 (Sum 187) 840 (Sum 190) 850 (Sum 193) 860 (Sum 196) 870 (Sum 199) 880 (Sum 202) 890 (Sum 205) 900 (Sum 208) 910 (Sum 211) 920 (Sum 214) 930 (Sum 217) 940 (Sum 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